Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To
The Members of
PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited
(Formerly known as P.M. Electro Auto Private Limited)

# Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

- We have audited the standalone financial statement of PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited
  ('the Company') (Formerly known as P.M. Electro Auto Private Limited) which comprise the
  standalone balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the standalone statement of profit and loss
  (including other comprehensive income), standalone statement of changes in equity and
  standalone statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the standalone
  financial statements, including material accounting policy and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

## **Key Audit Matters**

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of the most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements of the current year. We have determined that there is no key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

## Other Information

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- 6. Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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7. In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the State of Affairs, Profit/loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and Cash Flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations including those related to retention of audit logs; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:



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- 12.1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 12.2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the Under section 143(3)(i) the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- 12.3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- 12.4. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 12.5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



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# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 16. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 17. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - 17.1. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
  - 17.2. In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matter stated in paragraph 18.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014.
  - 17.3. The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the standalone cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - 17.4. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - 17.5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - 17.6. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 17.2 above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 18.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014.
  - 17.7. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'.
  - 17.8. The Company is defined as a private company. Accordingly, the requirement prescribed under the provisions of the section 197 of the Act do not apply.
- 18. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - 18.1. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements Refer Note 48(i) to the Standalone Financial Statements;
  - 18.2. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts Refer Note 48. (iv) the Standalone Financial Statements.
  - 18.3. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



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- 18.4. The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 18.5. The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 18.6. Based on such audit procedures, that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under [18.4] and [18.5] above contain any material misstatement.
- 18.7. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there has been no declaration of Dividend and / or paid during the year. Accordingly, section 123 of the Act is not applicable.
- 18.8. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes. For the accounting software for which the audit trail feature is enabled, the audit trail facility has been operating throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software and we did not come across any instance of audit trail features being tampered with during the course of the audit.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2024

For KKC & Associates LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Divesh B Shah

Partner

ICAI Membership No: 168237

UDIN: 24168237BKBHQE4647

Place: Mumbai Date: 08<sup>th</sup> July 2024



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# Annexure '[A]' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 16 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') and Intangible assets. It is in process of updating certain quantitative and other records pertaining to PPE and intangible assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its PPE by which all PPE are verified over a period of a year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, PPE were physically verified by the Management during the year. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company
  - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its PPE (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the physical verification of inventories has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management and, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records have been properly dealt with in the books of account. For stocks lying with third parties at the year-end, written confirmations have been obtained and in respect of goods in transit, subsequent goods receipts have been verified or confirmations have been obtained from third parties.
  - (b) As stated in note no. 60, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during the year. We have observed differences in Debtors, Creditors & Inventory amounts as mentioned in the quarterly/ monthly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions as compared to amounts as per the books of account maintained by the Company.



iii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, and the details are mentioned in the following table

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Investments
Aggregate amour	nt granted/ provide	d during the yea	ir	
Subsidiaries	2,363.09		13,035.25	2,035.47
Joint Ventures				
Associates				
Others			120.71	
Balance outstand	ding as at balance s	sheet date in res	spect of above case	S
Subsidiaries	10,949.59		4,794.59	2,035.47
Joint Ventures				
Associates				0
Others			387.39	

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) (i) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, amounting to Rs. 1,500.00 lakhs as on 31st March 2024 to a subsidiary have stipulation for payment after four years from the date of agreement.
  - (ii) Further outstanding loan amounting to Rs. 3,294.59 lakhs as on 31st March 2024 given to subsidiaries are repayable on demand.
- (d) The loan referred to in (c) (i) above, being repayable after four years, there are no overdue as at the year end. There is no overdue amount of interest and principal as at balance sheet, in case of loan referred to in (c) (ii) above, being repayable on demand.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, neither loans or advances in nature of loans have been renewed or extended nor any fresh loans have been granted to settle the overdue of existing loans.
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to Promoters/Related Parties (as defined in section 2(76) of the Act) which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of the loans / advances in			
the nature of the loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)			(A) 3294.59



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<ul> <li>Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)</li> </ul>	(B) -
Total (A+B)	3,294.59
Percentage of loans/ advances in the nature of loans to the total loans	68.71 %

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provision of section 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to the loans given, investment made, guarantee given and security provided.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public during the year in terms of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India or the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company as specified under section 148(1) of the Act, for the maintenance of cost records in respect of products manufactured by the Company, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited by the Company to/with the appropriate authorities though there has been slight delay in a few cases. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, Goods and Services Tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, we confirm that the following dues of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, have not been deposited to/with the appropriate authority on account of any dispute.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	2.83	FY 2009-10 to FY 2022-23	Income tax Department



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Goods and	Trans Credit	29.43	FY 2017-18	GST Department
Service Tax				
Act, 2017				

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we confirm that we have not come across any transaction not recorded in the books of account, previously unrecorded as income, which have been surrendered or disclosed as income, during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) In our opinion, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings to financial institutions, banks, government and dues to debenture holders or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
    - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which it was obtained.
    - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
    - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
    - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise money by way of an initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares / fully / partly / optionally convertible debentures during the year.
- xi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there has been no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company that has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.



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- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid CoR from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
  - (c) The Company is not a CIC as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year 2023-24, and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly this clause is not applicable / paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



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- xx. (a) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there is no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer of Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (XX) of the order is not applicable for the year.
- xxi. Reporting under paragraph 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable at the standalone level of reporting.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621

Divesh B Shah

Partner

ICAI Membership No: 168237 UDIN: 24168237BKBHQE4647

Place: Mumbai Date: 08<sup>th</sup> July 2024

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Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the Standalone Financial Statements of the PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

Referred to in paragraph "17.7" under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

# **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements of PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited ("the Company") (Formerly known as P.M. Electro Auto Private Limited) as at 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- 2. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has framed process document and risk control matrix for certain key processes relating to internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. In our opinion, considering the internal control with reference to the standalone financial statements, criteria established by the company and the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI and to justify existence and operating effectiveness of the said controls, the company need to strengthen the documentation of identified risk & controls to make it commensurate with the size of the company and nature of its business.

# Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

3. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# **Auditor's responsibility**

- 4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing ("SA"), prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements. Those SAs and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 5. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone



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Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

7. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Financial Statements may become further inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For KKC & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Firm Registration Number - 105146W/W-100621

Divesh B Shah
Partner

ICAI Membership No. 168237

UDIN: 24168237BKBHQE4647

Place: Mumbai Dated: 08<sup>th</sup> July 2024



# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M. Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161283 Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

CALL TAY OF THE CALL				
Particulars	Note Number	Amount As at 31-03-2024	Amount As at 31-03-2023	
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets		5 D 40 To		
Property, plant and equipment	3	707400		
Capital Work in Progress	3	7,054.92 130.16	7,007.4	
Right-of-use asset	4	2,799.04		
Other Intangible Assets	3	53.69	1,881.1	
Financial Assets				
Investments	5	3,563.82	1,538.6	
Loans	6	1,505.44	1,661.9	
Other Financial Assets	7	1,527.76	907.1	
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	8	206.54	301.0	
Other Non-Current Assets	9	24.58	13.1	
Total Non-Current Assets		16,865.95	13,351.0	
Current Assets		1915		
Inventories	10	20,741.74	12,572.31	
Financial Assets				
Investments	11	4,000.00		
Trade Receivables	12	17,047.30	10,326.40	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	13	2,902.06	2,140.39	
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash equivalent Loans	14	2,095.75	1,973.00	
Other Financial Assets	15	3,676.54	2,787.37	
Other Financial Assets Other Current Assets	16	1,679.61	486.56	
Total Current Assets	17	1,976.61	2,947.05	
Total Current Assets	1 -	54,119.61	33,233.08	
Total Assets		70,985.56	46,584.08	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Equity Share Capital Other Equity	18 19	1,124.08 20,132.51 21,256.59	1,124.08 13,382.02 14,506.10	
Jabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	20	1 2 3 3 3 1 3 2		
Lease Liabilities	20	3,020.85	3,565.39	
Other Financial Liabilities	22	2,604.12	1,613.50	
Provisions	23	275.89 812.80	28.96	
Other Non-Current Liabilities	24	63.62	498.57	
otal Non-Current Liabilities	1 "	6,777.28	78.18 5,784.60	
Current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities	1			
Borrowings	25	32,048.97	16,357.02	
Lease Liabilities	26	344.75	385.43	
Trade Payables	4		303,43	
Total Outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium enterprises	1 1	3,965.35	2,097.94	
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro, Small and	27		2,031.34	
ledium Enterprises		2,948.02	4,604,88	
Other Financial Liabilities	28	802.20	914.88	
Other Current Liabilities	29	1,439.57	1,415.85	
Provisions	30	59.30	28.61	
Current tax Liabilities (Net)	31	1,343.53	488.77	
otal Current Liabilities		42,951.69	26,293.38	
otal Equity and Liabilities		70,985.56	46,584.08	
Naterial Accounting Policies	182		100	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalo In terms of our report of even date attached For KKC & Associates LIP (formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W-100621

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Divesh B Shah Partner Membership No. 168237

Place : Mumbai Date : 8th July 2024

Sandoep Sanghvi Marraging Director DIN :- 00190074

Visital Sanghvi Director DIN :- 00190088

Director DIN :- 00190138

Padmanabh Nimbhorkar Chief Exectuive Officer

Sujoy K. Sircar Company Secretary Membership No. A13209

Place : Mumbai Date : \$ July 2024

Anchal Tripathi Chief Financial Office



#### PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024

Particulars	Note Number	For year ended 31-03-2024	For year ended 31-03-2023	
INCOME	ENTERNA MARKET	等。 新聞		
Revenue from Operations	32			
Other Income	33	107,001.05	71,488.62	
Total Income (I)	33	2,959.47	1,120.69	
		109,960.52	72,609.31	
EXPENSES				
Cost of Materials Consumed				
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	34	70,572.57	48,879.66	
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Trade and Work-in-Progress	35	507.67	128.84	
Employee Benefit Expense	36	(1,652.13)	(1,282.61	
Finance Cost	37	5,803.29	4,595.66	
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	38	3,882.40	2,053.44	
Other Expenses	39	2,166.78	2,038.30	
Total Expenses (II)	40	18,717.79	12,458.35	
Total Expenses (II)		99,998.37		
III. Profit before Exceptional Items and		33,336.37	68,871.64	
Tax Expense (I)-(II)				
IV. Exceptional Items		9,962.15	3,737.67	
V. Profit before Tax Expense (III)-(IV)				
Tax Expense		9,962.15	3,737.67	
i) Current tax	42			
ii) Short / (Excess) Tax Provision related to prior years		2,822.45	1,273.06	
iii) Deferred Tax Charge / (Credit)		259.05	44.96	
TOTAL TAX EXPENSE (VI)		94.46	(192.13)	
TOTAL PAR EATERSE (VI)		3,175.96	1,125.89	
VII. Profit for the year (V)-(VI)			-,	
Other Comprehensive Income		6,786.19	2,611.78	
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss -Reamusrement Gain/ (Loss) on defined benefit Plan				
til) income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(49.73)	(92.39)	
Total Other Comprehensive Income (VIII)		14.02	32.27	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII) + (VIII)		(35.71)	(60.12)	
		6,750.48	2,551.66	
Earning per equity share in ₹ (Face Value per Share Rs 100 each)				
Basic (in ₹)	50			
Diluted (in ₹)	+	60.37	23.23	
1987	+ + -	60.37	23.23	
Material Accounting Policies	1& 2			
	104 2			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

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Chartered Accountants

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In terms of our report of even date attached For KKC & Associates LLP (formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W-100621

Divoks Shah Partner Membership No. 168237

Place : Mumbai Date : 8th July 2024

Director DIN: 0019013

Sujoy K. Sircar Company Secretary Membership No. A13209

Place : Mumbai Date : \\$July 2024

Vishal Sanghvi Director DIN :- 00190088

Padmanabh Nimbhorki Chief Exectuive Officer



## PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285 Standalone Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended 31st March, 2024

	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	₹ in lakhs
Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2024	Year Ended 31-03-2023
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	9,962.15	2 727 67
Adjustments for:	9,962.15	3,737.67
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	2,166.78	2 020 20
Finance cost	3,882.40	2,038.30 2,053.44
Provision for Doubtful Debt	(36.51)	2,053.44
Sundry Balance Written off	200.83	
MTM gain on forward contracts	(190.02)	(133.34
Interest on Deposit given	(16.23)	654.97
Gain from Sale of Arbitage Mutual Fund	(16.23)	400.00
Gain on Termination of Lease	4 25	(19.81)
Foreign Exchange Gain / (Loss)	(1.35)	(20.26
Interest Income	(590.59)	(69.52)
Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	(1,061.93)	(608.33)
Realised loss on forward contracts	(31.82)	(12.89)
Lease Equalisation Income (Ind As)	156.09	
Provision of Warranty	0.30	(2.57)
Deferred Finance Income (Ind As)	94.94	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(2.69)	(2.66)
	14,532.38	7,820.90
Adjustments for:		
Increase) in Trade Receivables	(6,767.29)	(4,988.14)
Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(8,169.44)	(6,318.57)
ncrease/(Decrease) in Trade Payable and Other liabilities	2,348.53	2,267.98
(Increase)/Decrease in financial and Other Current Assets	(152.45)	91.03
Cash Generated from Operations	1,791.71	(1,126.80)
Taxes paid (net)	(2,212.72)	(1,234.21)
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities (A)	(421.01)	(2,361.01)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(3 206 10)	(2.000.40)
Sale of Fixed Assets	(3,396.19)	(2,866.18)
Investment in Subsidiary	152.54	172.61
Investment in Other Bank Deposit & loan to other parties	(2,025.18)	(400.00)
Interest Income on Deposit and ICD	(743.38)	1,860.53
Investment in Mutual Fund	1,061.93	608.33
Inter Corporate deposit given to Subsidiary	(4,000.00)	520.35
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (B)	(723.47)	(1,603.18)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING A STREET		1-1-1100)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Borrowings (Net)	15,147.41	5,773.16
Interest on Borrowings	(3,661.07)	(1,868.03)
Principal Payment of Lease Liability	(408.59)	(45.80)
Payment of Interest on Lease Liability	(221.34)	(185.41)
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (C)	10,856.42	3,673.92
D. Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	761.67	(394.61)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year (Refer Note 13)	2.140.39	2,535.00
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 13)	2,902.06	2,140.39
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	761,67	(394.61)

Notes:

1 The Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-As)-7 specified under section 133 of the act.

2. Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment includes movement of capital work in progress during the year

3. Changes in liabilities arising from Financine activities

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2023	Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes/Impact of Foreign Exchange rate	Year ended 31-03-2024
Non-Current Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings) Current Borrowings	5,571.34 14,351.07	86.51 15,060.90		5,657.84 29,411.98
Total	19,922.41	15,147.41		35,069.82

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2022	Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes/Impact of Foreign Exchange	₹ in lakhs Year ended 31-03-2023
Non-Current Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings) Current Borrowings	3,571.73 10,577.52	1,999.61 3,773.55	rate	5,571.34
Total 4. Figures in bracket indicate cash outflow	14,149.25	5,773.16		14,351.07 19,922.41

5. Previous year figures have been regrouped/ rearranged, wherever necessary

Material Accounting Policies
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

In terms of our report of even date attached for KKC & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W-100621

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Divesh B Shah Partner Membership No. 168237



Sujoy K. Sircar Company Secretary Membership No. A13209

Place : Mumbai Date : Duly 2024

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# **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited)

# CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285 Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31st March 2024

A. Equity Share Capital For the Year ended March 31, 2024

	₹ in lakhs
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Year	Balance as at 31-03-2024
	1,124.08
	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Year

For the Year ended March 31, 2023

			₹ in lakhs
	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Year	Balance as at 31-03-2023	
1,124.08			1,124.08

# B. Other Equity

For the Year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Réserves & Surplus						
	Securities Premium	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total Other Equity			
Balance as at April 01, 2023	126.12	1,678.43	11,577.47	13,382.02			
Profit for the year			6,786.19				
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year			0,786.19	6,786.19			
Remeasurement Gain / (Loss) on defined benefit plan			(35.71)	(35.71)			
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year							
Balance as at March 31, 2024	126.12	1 670 42	6,750.48	6,750.48			
	120.12	1,678.43	18,327.95	20,132.51			

For the Year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus						
1883年1月20日 - 1891年 -	Securities Premium	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	<b>Total Other Equity</b>			
Balance as at April 01, 2022	126.12	1,678.43	9,025.81	10,830.36			
Profit for the year			2,611.78				
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year			2,011.78	2,611.78			
Remeasurement Gain / (Loss) on defined benefit plan			(60.12)	(60.12)			
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year			2,551.66				
Balance as at March 31, 2023	126.12	1,678.43	11,577.47	2,551.66 13.382.02			

**Material Accounting Policies** 

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The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

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Accountants

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In terms of our report of even date attached

For KKC & Associates LLP

(formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number : 105146W/W-100621

Divolash Divesh B Shah

Partner Membership No. 168237

Place : Mumbai Date : 8th July 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ng Director DIN :- 00190074

DN :- 00190088

Samir Sanghavi Director

DIN :- 00198441

Kapil Sanghavi

Director DIN :- 00190138

Padmanabh Nimbhorkar Chief Exectuive Officer

Anchal Tripathi Chief Financial Officer

Sujoy K. Sircar Company Secretary Membership No. A13209

Place : Mumbai Date : 1岁 July 2024

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# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited)

CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

#### 1. Corporate information

PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) (the company) is a Private company domiciled in India. The company is engaged in the manufacturing and selling of steel based products. The company is having 5 types of business verticles such as Furniture, Automobile Components, Lightin solutions & panel boards, Switch Boards & Control Panels and Solar mounting structures. The PMEA group is in existence since 1992 & It was formed as private limited company in 2006.

Company has wholly owned subsidiary company which is engaged in manufactring of Torque Tubes which is a critical part of solar mounting structures. At the group level the company operates through 11 manufacturing set ups in Maharashtra & Gujarat.

Company is carrying out both domestic as well as exports sales. It also imports raw materials & capital goods.

Having registered office address at A-406, Western Edge II, cable corporation compund, Borivali East, Mumbai-400066.

#### 2. Material Accounting Policies

# A. Statement of Compliance

These Standalone Financial statement (hereinafter referred as "Financial Statement") are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind As") as per the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), amendments thereto and other releavant provision of the act.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 1st July, 2024.

#### B. Basis of preparation

# Basis of Preparation and Compliance with Ind As:

The Company has prepared the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024 and a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

## Basis of Measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost basis except for the following -

- Certain financial assets and liabilities have been measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments); and
- Employee's Defined Benefit Plan as per acturial valuations
- Derivative Financial Instrument measured at fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In determining the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date

#### Functional and presentational currency:

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupee has been rounded to the nearest lacs with two decimals.

# Classification of Assets and Liabilities into Current/ Non- Current:

The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of Current/ Non-Current classification of its Assets and Liabilities. For the purpose of Balance Sheet, an asset is classified as current if:

a)It is expected to be realised, or is intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle; or

b)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading; or

c)It is expected to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or

d) The asset is a cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current if:

a)It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle; or

b)It is held primarily for the purpose of trading; or

c)It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or

d) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments at the option of the counterparty does not affect this classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred Tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current only

#### d.) Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount over its useful life and is provided on a WDV basis over such useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the act or as per technical assessment conducted by the Management. Freehold land with indefinite life is not depreciated.

Depreciable amount for PPE is the cost of PPE less its estimated residual value. The useful life of PPE is the period over which PPE is expected to be available for use by the Company.





Depreciation method, useful life and residual value are reviewed periodically and, when necessary, revised. No further charge is provided in respect of assets that are fully written down but still in use.

In case following class of PPE, the company uses different useful lives than those prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. The useful lives have been assessed based on technical advice.

Particular	Life
Dies & Tools (Amortised)	3 years

Depreciation on additions is provided on a pro-rata basis from the month of installation or acquisition and in case of Projects from the date of commencement of commercial production. Depreciation on deductions/disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis up to the month preceding the month of deduction/disposal.

#### e.) Intangible assets and ammortisation:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Intangible assets are amortized on a WDV basis over the estimated useful economic life. The company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed 5 years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds five years, the company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

#### f.) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### f.) Impairment of property, plant and equipments and intangible assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication based on internal/ external factors. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the assets (or where applicable, that of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs) is estimated to be higher of its net selling price and its value in use. Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") or Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") on the basis of following:

- i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- ii)the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Amortised Cost

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding.

In case of financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost, any interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



#### g.) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and ancillary costs related to borrowings) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the financial assets or financial liabilities. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price (net of variable consideration).

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") or Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") on the basis of following:

i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and ii)the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### **Amortised Cost:**

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding.

In case of financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost, any interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Fair Value through OCI (FVTOCI):

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Financial assets at Fair Value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

For financial assets at FVTPL, net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or 'other financial liabilities'.

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or is a derivative (except for effective hedge) or are designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL:

Gains or Losses, including any interest expense on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost on initial recognition.

Interest expense (based on the effective interest method), foreign exchange gains and losses, and any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





#### Impairment of Financial Assets:

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category. For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.

The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and as per simplified approach, loss allowances on trade receivables are measured using provision matrix at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### **Derecognition of Financial Instruments:**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises an associated liability for amounts it has to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company de-recognises financial liabilities when and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability de-recognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Financial Guarantee Contract Liabilities:

Financial Guarantee Contract Liabilities are disclosed in financial statements in accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments.

## Offsetting of Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.





#### i.) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

# Raw materials, stores & spares and packing materials:

Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV). However, these items are considered to be realisable at cost, if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on weighted average basis which includes expenditure incurred for acquiring inventories like purchase price, import duties, taxes (net of tax credit) and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

# Work-in- progress (WIP), finished goods, stock-in-trade and trial run inventories:

Valued at lower of cost and NRV. Cost of Finished goods, WIP and trial run inventories includes cost of raw materials, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of Stock-in Trade includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to the present location and condition. Cost of inventories is computed on weighted average basis.

#### Waste / Scrap:

Waste / Scrap inventory is valued at NRV.

Net realisable value for inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### j.) Revenue recognition:

#### i. Revenue from Contract with customers

Revenue is recognized on the basis of approved contracts regarding the transfer of goods or services to a customer for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of discounts, incentives, volume rebates and outgoing taxes on sales.

The company collects GST on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

Significant financing component - Generally, the Company receives short-term advances from its customers. Using the practical expedient in Ind AS 115, the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if it expects, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of the promised good or service to the customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

#### ☑Contract balances:

**ITTrade Receivables and Contract Assets** 

A trade receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to a customer and consideration becomes unconditional.

Contract assets are recognized when the company has a right to receive consideration that is conditional other than the passage of time.

☑Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities is a Company's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer which the entity has already received consideration. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the company satisfies its performance obligation under the contract.

ii.Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

iii. Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

#### k.) Foreign currency transactions:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transactions. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are restated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing on the Balance Sheet date. Gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.

Non-Monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rate as at the date of initial transactions.

#### I.) Earnings per share:

The Basic Earnings Per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the net profit / (loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit / loss after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders is divided by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for the effects of all dilutive equity shares.

## m.) Employee benefit Expense:





#### Defined benefit plan:

The Company has defined benefit plan for post-employment benefits, for all employees in the form of Gratuity. The Company's liabilities under Payment of Gratuity Act are determined on the basis of independent actuarial valuation. The liability in respect of gratuity is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the Balance Sheet with a charge or credit recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in OCI is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The defined benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Defined contribution plan:

Payments to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits in respect of provident fund, for which both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary. The contributions as specified under the law are made to the Government Provident Fund monthly.

#### Short-term employee benefits:

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave in the period the related service is rendered. Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

#### Other long - term employee benefits:

The Company's net obligation in respect of long – term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurement is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

Entitlements to annual privilege leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. Privilege leave can be availed or encashed subject to a restriction on the maximum number of accumulation of leave. The Company determines the liability for such accumulated leaves using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date.

#### n.) Income taxes:

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

#### **Current Tax:**

Current Tax is measured on the basis of estimated taxable income for the current accounting period in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws. The Government of India, on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961, which provides an option to the Company for paying Income Tax at reducedrates as per the provisions/conditions defined in the said section ("New Tax Regime"). The Company has opted for the New tax regime from financial year 2019-20 onwards, and accordingly the provision of tax and deferred tax liabilities has been recognized as per New Tax Regime.

#### o.) Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognised, on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting date.

## p.) Segment Reporting-Identification of segments

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the company's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") to make decisions for which discrete financial information is available.

Based on the management approach as defined in Ind AS 108, the CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

### q.) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Claims against the Company where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised. A contingent asset is disclosed, in financial statements, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### r.) Cash and cash equivalents:-

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other current / short- term, highly liquid investments (original maturity of less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment

#### s)Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

☑Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received.





# t.) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting:

The Company enters into derivative financial contracts in the nature of forward contracts with external parties to hedge its foreign currency risks relating to foreign currency denominated financial liabilities/ financial assets measured at amortized cost. The Company formally establishes a hedge relationship between such forward contracts ('hedging instrument') and recognized financial liabilities/ financial assets ('hedged item') through a formal documentation at the inception of the hedge relationship in line with the Company's Risk Management objective and strategy.

The hedge relationship so designated is accounted for in accordance with the accounting principles prescribed for a fair value hedge under Ind AS 109, 'Financial Instruments'.

# Recognition and measurement of fair value hedge:

Hedging instrument is initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and is subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of hedging instrument is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Hedging instrument is recognized as a financial asset in the Balance Sheet if its fair value as at reporting date is positive as compared to carrying value and as a financial liability if its fair value as at reporting date is negative as compared to carrying value.

Hedged item (recognized financial liability/finacial asset) is initially recognized at fair value on the date of entering into contractual obligation and is subsequently measured at amortized cost. The hedging gain or loss on the hedged item is adjusted to the carrying value of the hedged item as per the effective interest method and the corresponding effect is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### u.) Government grants:

Government grants relate to income under State Investment Promotion scheme linked with GST payment and reimbursement of certain costs incurred, are recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable insurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be recieved.

# v.) Investments in subsidiaries, associates and Joint Ventures:

The Company's investment in its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

On disposal of the investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit & Loss.

#### w.) Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of identified asset;
- (ii) the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of lease and;
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

#### Where the Company is the lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The ROU is initially measuredat cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or beforethe commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Certain lease arrangements include the option to extend orterminate the lease before the end of the lease term. The rightof-use assets and lease liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The ROU is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.





Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments is an optional renewal period if the company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the ROU or is recorded in Statement of Profit or Loss if the carrying amount of the ROU has been reduced to zero.

Lease Liabilities have been presented in 'Financial Liabilities' and the 'ROU' have been presented separately in the Balance Sheet. Lease payments have been classified as financing activities in the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### Where the company is the lesson

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term

#### Short- term leases:

The Company has elected not to recognise ROU and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of 15 months or lower. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense over the lease term. The related cash flows are classified as Operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows.

## (y) Material accounting Policy Information:

The Company adopted Disclosure of accounting policies (Amendments to Ind AS 1) from 1 April 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes in the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of "material" rather than "significant" accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclose of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

# z). Critical estimates and judgements:

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with Ind As requires management to make estimates, assumptions and exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of income and expenses during the year.

The management believes that these estimates are prudent and reasonable and are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events and actions. Actual results could differ from these estimates and differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known or materialised.

Below is an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by the management, based on those prescribed under Schedule II to the Act, at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end.
- Defined benefit obligation The cost of post-employment benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. The assumptions used are disclosed in Note 49 to these financial statements.
- Fair value measurements Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument.
- Impairment of assets In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amounts of each asset (in case of non-financial assets) based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future cash flows and the determination of a suitable discount rate.
- Income tax Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income tax, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions.
- Provisions Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement obligation and compensated expenses) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.





# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

# 3. Property, Plant and Equipment, Other Intangible Assets and Capital Work-in-Progress

	ANNEX	Gross Carrying	Amount (Cost)			Net Carrying Amount			
Property, plant and equipment (PPE)	01/04/2023	Additions	Deletion/ Transfer/ Adjustment	31/03/2024	01/04/2023	Depreciation for the year	Depreciation on Deletion/ Transfer/ Adjustment	31/03/2024	31/03/2024
Air Conditioner Plant & Machinery	56.00	4.98		60.98	25.45	13.49	II. COMPANY	DAY TOWN THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	
	2,595.37	740.35	(27.65)	3,308.07	837.92	357.80		38.94	22.0
Furniture & Fixtures	206.80	30.28	(5.54)	231.54	72.24		(10.05)	1,185.67	2,122.4
Compressor & Accessories	94.65	29.60	(7.48)	116.77	30.08	39.56	(1.16)	110.64	120.9
Factory Equipment	233.87	88.22	(5.57)	316.52	61.21	13.40	(3.82)	39.66	77.1
Computer	119.73	55.86	(3,37)	175.59		38.67	(2.68)	97.20	219.3
Electrical Installation	261.40	8.73		270.13	75.64	43.67		119.31	56.2
Factory Premises	1,679.78	21.25			91.83	44.97		136.80	133.34
Office Premises	163.20			1,701.03	452.14	161.85		613.99	1,087.04
Factory Plot	376.78	3 0 0 1		163.20	42.25	11.50		53.75	109.45
Weighing Scale	52.03	2.76	FE 5.0   1	376.78			- 1		376.78
Generator	49.63	7.40		54.79	15.29	6.88		22.17	32.6
Dies Tools Spares & Accessories	141.31	7.40		57.03	13.91	7.45		21.36	35.67
Motor Car	319.02	116.30		141.31	72.25	13.41		85.66	55.69
Office Equipment	74.81	19.17	(1.09)	434.23	99.50	91.48	(0.70)	190.28	243.95
Material Handling Equipment	392.04		(0.11)	93.87	37.43	19.85	(0.07)	57.21	36.66
Stabilizer	17.53	56.88		448.92	102.84	56.91		159.75	289.17
Surface Treatment Equipment		4.13	(0.96)	20.70	4.98	2.52	(0.51)	6.99	13.7
Sizing Equipment	1,475.65	134.77	(166.89)	1,443.53	363.78	213.70	(83.70)	493.78	949.75
Metal Designing Equipment	4.48	4.50		8.98	1.29	1.02	(03.70)	2.31	
Welding Equipment	75.29	•		75.29	36.90	7.72		44.62	6.68
Temporary Shed	276.88	45.76	(0.00)	322.64	73.59	41.70	(0.00)		30.68
Dies & Tools	22.58	6.45		29.03	16.77	3.72	10.00)	115.29	207.35
	1,670.26	567.54	B B 5 1 1 1 1 1	2,237.80	1,233.45	520.42		20.49	8.54
Solar Power	491.09	0.94		492.03	81.99	74.13		1,753.87	483.93
	•			432,03	61.99	/4.13		156.12	335.91
Total (A)	10,850.19	1,945.87	(215.29)	12,580.76	3.842.73	1,785.82	(400 40)		
					2,042./3	1,765.82	(102.69)	5,525.86	7,054.92
B. Other Intangible Assets Computer Software	56.15	35.30		91.45	15.66	22.11		37.77	53.69
Total (B)	56.15	35.30		91.45	15.66	22.11		37.77	
Catal Assats (A. R. C. R.)								31.11	53.69
Total Assets (A+B+C+D)	10,906.35	1,981.17	(215.29)	12,672.21	3,858.39	1,807.93	(102,69)	5,563.62	7,108.61

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)		30 m		₹ in lakhs
Decription	01/04/2023	Additions / Adjustments	Capitalised during	
Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)	-	130.16	the year	120 16

Intangible assets under development				₹ in lakhs
Decription	01/04/2023	Additions / Adjustments	Capitalised during the year	31/03/2024
Intangible assets under development (IAUD)		- HAIRSTUREURS	the year	THE RESIDENCE AND PROPERTY.





#### **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

## 3. Property, Plant and Equipment, Other Intangible Assets and Capital Work-in-Progress

Gross Carrying Amount (Cost) Depreciation Net Carrying Amount Property, plant and equipment (PPE) Depreciation on Deletion/ Transfer/ 01/04/2022 eletion/ Transfer 31/03/2023 01/04/2022 31/03/2023 Adjustment 31/03/2023 Adjustment A. Property, plant and equipment (PPE) Air Conditioner 40.02 15 98 9.17 16.28 25.45 30.55 Computer 76.64 43.08 119.73 261.40 37.38 38.26 75.64 44.09 Electrical Installation 192.07 69.33 41.38 50.45 91.83 169.57 Factory Premises 1,490.98 194.09 (5.29)1,679.78 249.20 204.18 Office Premises (1.24)452.14 1,227.64 163.20 163.20 29.55 12.70 42.25 Factory Plot 120.95 376.78 376.78 376.78 Plant & machinery 2,012.74 601.98 (19.35)2,595.37 524.32 320.06 (6.47)837.92 1,757.45 36.74 Weighing Scale 2.82 27.15 49.21 52.03 7.95 7.22 7.33 Generator 29.08 (6.60) 49.63 8.60 (1.91) 13.91 35.72 Dies Tools Spares & Accessories 141.31 141.31 55.62 16.63 72.25 69.06 Motor Car 177.99 141.03 319.02 43.44 56.06 Office Equipment 99.50 219.52 49.17 25.65 74.81 20.21 17.21 37.43 37.38 Furniture & Fixtures 155.09 51.71 206 80 34.90 37.34 72.24 134.57 Compressor & Accessories 79.29 15.36 94.65 17.44 12.63 30.08 64.57 Factory Equipment 146.64 87.45 (0.21)233.87 31.18 30.13 (0.10) 61.21 172.66 Material Handling Equipment 291.08 105.25 (4.29) 392.04 51.00 53.70 (1.86)Stabilizer 102.84 289.20 13.82 3.71 2.73 4.98 363.78 2.25 12.55 Surface Treatment Equipment 1,078.63 416.70 (19.68) 1,475.65 187.18 189.19 (12.58) Sizing Equipment 1,111.87 4.95 0.62 (1.08) 4.48 0.99 0.75 (0.46)1.29 Metal Designing Equipment 3.19 75.29 75.29 276.88 27.23 9.66 38.39 203.29 36.90 Welding Equipment 219.33 58.53 (0.98)36.26 37.82 (0.49) 73.59 Temporary Shed 22.58 22.58 6.83 9.95 16.77 5.81 Dies & Tools 1.027.78 642.49 1,670.26 704.93 528.52 1,233.45 436.81 Solar Power 248.00 243.09 491.09 18.02 63.97 81.99 409.10 Total (A) 8,161.67 2,746.02 (57.48) 10,850.19 2,144.89 1,722.91 (25.13) 3,842.73 7,007.47 B. Other Intangible Assets Computer Software 14.02 42.13 56.15 8.24 7.41 15.66 40.50 Total (B) 14.02 42.13 56.15 8.24 7.41 15.66 40.50 C. Capital Work in Progress D. Intangible Assets under Development Total Assets (A+B+C+D) 8,175.69 2,788.15 (57.48)10,906.34 2,153.14 1,730.32 (25.13)3,858.39 7,047.96

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)				₹ in lakhs
Decription	01/04/2022	Additions / Adjustments	Capitalised during the year	31/03/2023
Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)	226.97	122.27	(349.23)	

Intangible assets under development				₹ in lakhs
Decription	01/04/2022	Additions / Adjustments	Capitalised during	31/03/2023
intangible assets under development (IAUD)	12.00	6.00	(18.00)	

Capital Working in Progress	Amour	t in Capital Working	in Progress for a p	eriod of	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
As at March 31, 2024				The state of the s	
Projects in Progress	130.16			<del>+ +</del>	130.16
Total	130.16				130.16
As at March 31, 2023				++	130.16
Projects in Progress	1 . 1				
Total			-	<del>-</del>	

Particular	Amo	ount in Capital Wo	rking in Progress for a	period of	Total	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	iotai	
As at March 31, 2024						
Projects in Progress						
Total			<del></del>	-		
s at March 31, 2023			·	<del>                                     </del>	:	
Projects in Progress		-	-	· ·		
Total	-	<u> </u>				

#### Notes:

1. Loans are secured by fixed assets against which Loans have been taken (Refer Note 20)

2. There is no overdue or cost exceed for Capital working in progress and Intangible Asset under development.

3. The company has not revalued its property plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous periods





### **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO : U29219MH2006PTC161285

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

#### Note 4 - Leases (Ind AS 116 Leases)

(a) Following are the carrying value of Right of Use Assets as at March 31, 2024:

周围,但是自身的	The WALLSON CO.	Gross B	lock		Accumula	ted depreciation an	d depreciation and amortisation			
Particulars	As at 01-04-2023	Additions	Deductions	As at 31-03-2024	As at 01-04-2023	Depreciation for the year	Deductions	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2024	
Leasehold Land	2,354.29	1,284.85	(197,84)	3,441.30	473.13	358.85	(189.72)	642.26		
Total	2,354.29	1,284,85	(197.84)	3,441.30	473.13	358.85	(189.72)		2,799.04 2,799.04	

(a) Following are the carrying value of Right of Use Assets as at March 31, 2023:

₹ in lakhs

Gross Block					Accumulated depreciation and amortisation				Net Block	
Particulars	As at 01-04-2022	Additions	Deductions	As at 31-03-2023	As at 01-04-2022	Depreciation for the year	Deductions	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2023	
Leasehold Land	2,291.82	278.03	(215.55)	2,354.29	292.34	307.97	(127.18)	473.13	1,881.16	
Total	2,291.82	278.03	•	2,354.29	292.34	307.97	1127.107	473.13	1,881.16	

(c) Lease Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss not included in the measurement of lease liabilities:

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2024	Year Ended 31-03-2023
Variable lease payments Expenses relating to short-term leases	41.93	15.41
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-	41.33	15.41
term leases of low value assets	=	

(d) Maturity analysis of lease liabilities-contractual undiscounted cash flows:

Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2024	Year Ended 31-03-2023
Less than one year	628.13	385.43
One to five years	2,221.80	1,298.24
More than five years	1,959.80	1,420.09
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	4,809.73	3,103.76

(e) total cash outflow for lease for the year ended March 21,2024 is Rs. 481.54 lakhs (March 21,2023 is Rs. 397.63 lakhs)

(f)The weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 10.55% p.a. has been applied for measuring the lease liability at the date of initial application. (g)General description of leasing agreements
- Lease Assets :-Land,Godowns, Offices, Machinery.

- Future lease rentals are determined based on agreed terms.
- At the expiry of lease terms, the Company has an option to return the assets or extend the term by giving notice in writing
   Lease agreement are generally cancellable and are renewed by mutual consent on mutually agreed terms.

During the year, the Company renegotiated with its lessors and secured favorable lease concessions. In accordance with IND AS 116, these lease concessions have been duly accounted for as lease modifications, resulting in a reduction of lease liabilities amounting to Rs. 140.58 lakhs.





# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited)

CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

₹ in lakhs

		₹ in lakn
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
5. Investments		
Non-Current Investments		
Unquoted Investments measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		
Face value of Rs.100 each partly paid Rs.25		
100 Equity shares SVC Co-opertaive Bank Ltd	0.03	0.03
(As at 31.03.2024 - 100 shares, As at 31.03.2023 - 100 shares)		5.55
Unquoted Investments measured at Cost:		
Face value of Rs.10 each fully paid		
1,05,00,000 equity shares of PMEA solar system private limited**	1,128.32	1,138.61
(As at 31.03.2024 - 1,05,00,000 shares, As at 31.03.2023 - 1,05,00,000 shares)		1,150.01
4,83,091.79 equity shares of US Dollar 1 /- each of PM Electro Auto Inc		
(As at 31.03.2024 - 4,83,091.79 shares, As at 31.03.2023 - Nil shares)	400.00	400.00
10,000 equity shares of Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limied		
(As at 31.03.23 - 10,000 shares, As at 31.03.23 - Nil shares)	2,035.47	- I
Total	3,563.82	1,538.64

<sup>\*\*</sup> Investment in PMEA Solar systems private limited includes the amount of Rs. 78.32 lakhs in FY 23-24 (in PY Rs. 88.61 lakhs) representing the fair value of Guarantee given by the Company without any consideration to third parties on behalf of the Subsidiary.

Aggregate amount of:		
Quoted Investment:		
Unquoted Investment:	3,563.81	1,538.63
Total	3,563.81	1,538.63
6. Non Current Loan		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loan To Staff	5.44	13.48
Loan To Subsidiary	1,500.00	1,648.50
Total	1,505.44	1,661.98
7. Non-Current Financial Assets		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security Deposits	344.57	264.66
Deposits with Bank (Refer note 14.1)	1,183.19	642.46
Total	1,527.76	907.12





# **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited)

CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	₹ in lakhs As at 31-03-2023
8. Deferred Tax Assets		
Deferred Tax Asset	830.18	301.30
Defensed Too High life.		
Deferred Tax Liability	(623.64)	(0.30)

Analysis of deferred tax assets / liabilities:

March 31, 2024	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets in relation to				
Property, Plant & Equipment and intangible assets	80.12	17.64		97.76
Right-of-use asset	(0.30)			37.71
Expenditure allowed upon payments	135.12	(80.62)		
Unused tax credit (MAT credit entitlement)	133.12	(80.62)		54.50
Other temporary differences	86.06	(69.49)		16.57
Total	301.00	(94.46)		206.54

March 31, 2023	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets in relation to			-	
Property, Plant & Equipment and intangible assets	(6.11)	86.23		80.12
Right-of-use asset	(16.49)	16.19		(0.30)
Expenditure allowed upon payments	96.76	38.36		135.12
Other temporary differences	34.71	51.35		86.06
Total	108.87	192.13		301.00

9. Other Non-Current Assets		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Prepaid Expenses	13.02	
Unamortised Processing Fees	11.56	13.13
Total	24.58	13.13

Total	20,741.74	12,572.31
Stores and Spares	2,411.72	920.49
Packing Material	141.55	54.7
{includes in transit Rs 812.19 Lakhs , (March 31, 2023 : Rs 548.93 lakhs)}	1,818.07	1,943.5
Finished Goods		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Work in Progress	3,130.18	1,352.5
(includes in transit Rs NIL, (March 31, 2023 : Rs 1,008.64 lakhs))	13,240.22	8,300.94
Raw Materials		
(Valued at lower of cost or NRV unless otherwise stated)		
0. <u>Inventories</u>		

The Company has written down the value of raw material towards slow moving, non-moving Inventories Rs 34.87 lakhs ( PY March 31, 2023 - 11.52 Lakhs)

Refer Note 1(i) for mode of valuation of Inventories

1. Current Investments		
Unquoted Investments (Fair Value through profit or loss) Units of various schemes of Mutual Funds	4,000.00	
Total	4,000.00	-
Aggregate amount of Quoted investments		
Aggregate amount of Unquoted investments	4,000.00	
Total	4,000.00	





#### **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
12. Trade Receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	17,047.30	10,326.40
Significant Increase in credit risk	305.38	341.89
Unbilled Trade Receivables	1	341.03
	17,352.68	10,668.29
Less : Allowances for credit losses	(305.38)	(341.89)
Total	17,047.30	10,326.40

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March 2024

		Outstan	ding for following	g periods from t	he due date of	payment	₹ in lakhs
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables						75	10,01
a) Considered good	4,939.04	11,481.38	626,88	220.28	85.10		17,352.68
Significant increase in credit risk		- 11		- LEGILO	05.10		17,332.08
) Unbilled Trade Receivables			100				
Allowance for credit losses			-	(220,28)	(05.10)		
Total .			-	[220.28]	(85.10)		(305.38)
Total	4,939.04	11,481.38	626.88				17.047.30

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March 2023

1-	la	1.1	-

		Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment						
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total	
Undisputed Trade receivables						Jeans	10.01	
a) Considered good	59.39	10.093.00	174.00	180.03	26.35	135.52	10,668.29	
b) Significant increase in credit risk		10 21-50		200,00		133.32	10,000.23	
c) Unbilled Trade Receivables				-			<del></del>	
Allowance for credit losses				(180.03)	(26.35)	(135.52)	(341.89	
Total	59.39	10,093.00	174.00		,====/	(200.02)	10,326.40	

Note 12.1: Trade Receivable due from related parties include above Rs.867.19 lakhs (March 31,2023: Rs.5924.33 lakhs) Refer Note 51 Note 12.2: Trade receivables are due from director is Nil (March 31,2023: Rs.1.47 lakhs) Refer Note 51 Note 12.3: There are no unbilled trade receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.





# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

Notes to the Financial Statements

Particulars	As at	₹ in lakh As at	
CALLED AND CONTROL OF THE CALL OF THE CALL	31-03-2024	31-03-2023	
13. Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash on Hand	5.35	6.31	
Bank Balances			
Fixed Deposits with Banks (Refer note 14.1)			
(Maturing upto 3 months)	809.81	956.01	
In Current Accounts	2,086.90	1,178.07	
Total	2,902.06	2,140.39	
14. Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Fixed Deposits with Banks (Refer note 14.1)	2,095.75	1,973.00	
(Maturing upto 12 months)			
Total	2,095.75	1,973.00	

Note 14.1

Fixed Deposits includes deposit of Rs.₹ 2,798.15/- lakhs (Previous Year March 31, 2023 Rs.929.14/- lakhs) held as margin against Bank Guarantees, Letter of Credit and Term Loans.

15. Current Loan		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loan To Subsidiary	3,294.59	2,422.62
Loan To Staff	51.95	58.12
Loan to others	330.00	306.63
Total	3,676.54	2,787.37
16. Other Current Financial Assets		
Security Deposit	65.21	1 1 2
Derivative Assets	29.12	
Interest Receivable	109.32	165.07
Receivables from Related party	728.64	26.39
Other Receivables	747.32	295.10
Total	1,679.61	486.56
17. Other Current Assets		
Prepaid Expenses	212.02	90.48
Advances To Staff	17.83	1.63
Advances to Suppliers	558.42	1,466.40
Advance for expenses	149.01	214.51
Capital Advances	540.41	746.71
Balances with Government Authorities	231.13	253.35
Lease Equalisation reserve	13.87	14.17
Unamortised Processing Fees	12.81	12.01
Other Receivable	241.11	147.79
Total	1,976.61	2,947.05





#### **PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited** (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

Notes to the Financial Statements

₹ in lakhs **Particulars** As at As at 31-03-2024 31-03-2023 18. Equity Share Capital Authorised share capital 1,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each 1,500.00 1.500.00 (As at 31st March 2023 -1,50,00,000 shares, As at 31st March 2022 -1,50,00,000 shares) Total 1,500.00 1,500.00 Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up Capital 1,12,40,764 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up 1,124.08 1,124.08 (As at 31st March 2023 -1,12,40,764 shares, As at 31st March 2022 -1,12,40,764 shares) Total 1,124.08 1,124.08 a. Reconciliation of the number of Equity shares Balance at the beginning of the year 11,240,764 11,240,764 Share issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year 11,240,764 11,240,764 b. Reconciliation of the amount of share capital outstanding Balance at the beginning of the year (Rs in Lakhs) 1,124.08 1,124.08 Share issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year

#### c.Rights, Prefrences and Restrictions attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of 10/- per share. Each holder of the Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Shareholders

# d. Details of Equity Shareholders holding more than 5% paid up equity share capital in the company

Name of Shareholder	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Samir Sanghavi	No of shares 2,797,720,00	
	% of shares held 24.89	
Kapil Sanghavi	No of shares 2,797,713.00	2,797,713.00
	% of shares held 24.89	
Vishal Sanghavi	No of shares 2,799,915.00	2,799,915.00
	% of shares held 24.91	
Sandeep Sanghavi	No of shares 2,799,915.00	2,799,915.00
	% of shares held 24.91	24.91

- e. As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents legal & beneficial ownerships of shares.
- f. No bonus shares have been issued during the five years immediately preceding 31st March 2024.
- g. For the period of five years immediately preceding the date at which balance sheet is prepared :
- 1. Aggregate number and class of shares bought back Nil
- 2. Aggregate number and class of shares issued other than cash Nil

h. Shares held by Promoters

Promotor's Name	31st March	31st March 2023		
	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total shares
A.Promoters			HARLES FILE	
Samir Sanghavi	2,797,720	24.89%	2,797,720	24.89%
Kapil Sanghavi	2,797,713	24.89%	2,797,713	24.89%
Vishal Sanghavi	2,799,915	24.91%	2,799,915	24.91%
Sandeep Sanghavi	2,799,915	24.91%	2,799,915	24.91%
B.Promoters Group			-,,,	24.5170
Smt. Pushpa P Sanghvi	5,829	0.05%	5,829	0.05%
Smt. Parul S Sanghvi	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Smt. Mansi K Sanghvi	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Smt. Kinnari V Sanghvi	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Smt. Dharini S Sanghvi	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Navin S Sanghvi HUF	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Shri, Shantilal H Sanghvi HUF	4,372	0.04%	4,372	0.04%
Samir P Sanghvi HUF	2,335	0.02%	2,335	0.02%
Kapil P Sanghvi HUF	2,335	0.02%	2,335	0.02%
Vishal N Sanghvi HUF	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Sandeep N Sanghvi HUF	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Veer J.F. Investment Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Jaynil Financial Corporation	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Dhruv Financial Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Veer Investment Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Falak Financial Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Shivam Financial Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Zenisha Investment Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%
Shivani Investment Corporation.	877	0.01%	877	0.01%





1,124.08

1,124.08

## PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

# 19. Other Equity For the Year ended March 31, 2024

₹ in lakhs Reserves & Surplus **Particulars Total Other Equity** Securities Premium General Reserves Retained Earnings Balance as at April 01, 2023 1,678.43 11,577.47 13,382.02 Profit for the year
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year 6,786.19 6,786.19 Remeasurement Gain / (Loss) on defined benefit plan (35.71)(35.71)Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year Balance as at March 31, 2024 6,750.48 6,750.48 126.12 1,678.43 18,327.95 20,132.50

#### For the Year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	The CANCE	₹ in lakh:		
	Securities Premium	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total Other Equity
Balance as at April 01, 2022	126.12	1,678.43	9,025.81	10,830,36
Profit for the year			2,611.78	2,611.78
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year				
Remeasurement Gain / (Loss) on defined benefit plan			(60.12)	(60.12)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year			2,551.66	2,551.66
Balance as at March 31, 2023	126.12	1,678.43	11,577.47	13,382.02

Security Premium: Security premium is credited when shares are issued at premium. It is utilised in accordance with the provision of the Act, to issue bonus shares, to provide for premium on redemption of shares or debentures, equity related expenses like underwriting cost, etc.

General Reserve: The Company had transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company to general reserve. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013





#### PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited) CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285 Notes to the Financial Statements

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20. Long Term Borrowings					
Particulars April 1	Non Curre	nt Borrowing	Current Maturities of Long term borrowing		
<b>被指注是1975年</b> 175 年 18	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023	As at 31-03-2024	As at	
(A) At Amortised Cost	34.00	34-03-2023	31-03-2024	31-03-2023	
(I) Long Term Borrowings					
Secured			119.20		
(i) From Banks	1		- 110		
(a) Term Loans	222.05	749.44	526.47	782.15	
(b) Loans taken in ECLG scheme	474.44	872.36	397.93	228.76	
(c) Vehicle Loans	193.41	155.13	50.70	32.11	
Sub-Total (A)	889.90	1,776.93	975.10	1,043.02	
(ii) From Others	200			T 1 15 1	
(a) Term Loans	2,129.91	1,771.25	1,645.54	948.38	
(b) Loans taken in ECLG scheme	1.04	17.21	16.35	14.54	
Sub-Total (B)	2,130.95	1,788.46	1,661.89	962.92	
Sub-Total ( A+ B)	3,020.85	3,565.39	2,636,99	2.005.94	

	9 Particulars	Start Date	End date	Security Pledged
1	Bank of Baroda Term Loan I	Mar-19		
		Mar-19	Aug-24	La High Milate and the control of th
				1st charge on the assets financed under the scheme-Primary security working capital-hypothecation of Stock and
				book debts. Primary security term loan-Hypothecation of plant and machinery aggregating to Rs 12 cr of propose
				term loan. Collateral Security: Equitable mortgage of factory land and building at W-12, MIDC, Nashik industrial
				area, Satpur village, Nashik 422007 in the name of company valued of Rs 2.71 crores by M/S sigma Engineering
2	Bank of Baroda ECLG Account I	Mar-21	Mar-25	consultant on 05.02.2022, Equitable mortgage of factory land and building at S.No.365, Nandore road, Nandore
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		village, near craft wear industry, Paighar East, District Thane, standing in the name of M/S P.M. Electro Auto Private Limited Valued at Rs 14.90 crores by sigma engineering consultant on 05.02.2022. Equitable mortgage of
		1 1		lease hold(MIDC) land and building thereon at 8-78, MIDC Industrial Area, Amabad, Nashik valued at Rs. 15.13 Cr
				by Sigma Engineering Consultant. 15 % margin on LC & BG+ personal guarntee of all the directors.
		1 1		gastinee of all the directors,
				(Rate of Interest varies between 9.25% to 10.50%)
3	Bank of Baroda ECLG Account II	Dec-21	Dec-26	
4	Axis Bank ECLG Account			
	PROPOSITION ECCO PECCONIC	Mar-21	Apr-25	Secured by personal guarantee of directors(Rate of Interest varies between 9.00% to 9.50%)
5	HDFC Term Loan II	Aug-18	Jun-24	
		WOR-19	Jun-24	
		1 1		Primary Security: Stock and book debts for working capital; Plant and machinery for term loan, FD towards cash
6	HDFC Term Loan III	1	102	margins; collateral Security: all the properties will be released and to be kept in custody with axis trustee bank
	THE COLUMN COLUM	Jul-19	May-25	under multiple banking.:1) Unit No. 406, A wing 4th floor, western express highway, western edge II, near metro
		1 1		store, Borivali east-400066. 2), Plot no 4, chintu pada, survey No A 20 (1) of village mahim, Deewan industrial estate, near old venuscassetts company, near parle company, supreme industries, 401404. 3) Plot no E-20/1,
7	HDFC Term Loan IV	1		Sinner, Tal. Sinner, near zenith company, malegaon MIDC, Malegaon Shiwar, Nashik 4)PG of all directors 5) FD
,	NOPE TERM LOAN IV	Jul-20	Sep-25	towards collateral.
8	HDFC Bank ECLG Account - ( RS 1.78 CR)	Apr-22	Jun-26	(Rate of Interest varies between 10,00% to 11.00%)
		Ap1-22	Jun-26	
9	Mahindra & Mahindra Financial Services Ltd - MTL	May-22	Jul-24	Lion on Carrolla describ 0.25 m. C.
	NAMES (1985-1985-1985-1985-1985-1985-1985-1985-		Juliza	Lien on Security deposit-Rs 2.5 cr, Personal guarntee of all the directors, Demand promissiory note for the loan(DPN)
10	Mahindra & Mahindra Finance Services Ltd. ECLG Account	Mar-21	Apr-25	(Rate of interest varies between 10.05% to 13.35%)
11	BAJAJ FINANCE LTD TERM LOAN	I 0		
	BAJAJ FINANCE LTD TERM LOAN	Dec-22	Dec-27	Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012	Dec-22	Dec-27 Jun-26	Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003			Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12 13 14	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26	Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12 13 14 15	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28	Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12 13 14	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-21	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28	ITerm loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12 13 14 15 16 17	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003089 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-0386060000309 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27	ITerm loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Jun-22	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-038606000030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-0386060000329 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3727 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 3732851951	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Dec-22	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29	Term loan: Exclusive charge on specific assets funded via BFL TL loacted at units with Min FACR of 1.33x and  Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003089 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524 HDFC Car Loan (10.55 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-22 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-038606000030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003089 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524 HDFC LOAN (32 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138153429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138110993	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-23 Jan-23 Jan-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600003003 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524 HDFC LOAN (32 LZ LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC CAR LOAN (12.5 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC CAR LOAN (35.7 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138130939 HDFC CAR LOAN (33.7 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138130939 HDFC CAR LOAN (33.7 LAKHS) NOT NOT NOT CAR LOAN ACC NO - 144503221	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV. No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137953524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138130993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan A/c 144503221 HDFC Car Loan - 14410164 - 9.56 LAKHS	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-27 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV No-0-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan BAROT LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137851524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (10.55 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC CAR LOAN - 13847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9-54 LAKHS - 51NARR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9-54 LAKHS - 518	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-038606000030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKNS) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC LOAN (34 LAKNS) ACC NO - 138123429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138123429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACK NO - 13810993 HDFC Car LOAN (35.71 LAKHS VNS) MOTAR CAR LOAN ACC NO-144503221 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148422739 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148422739 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV No-0-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan BAROT LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137851524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (10.55 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC CAR LOAN - 13847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184847164 - 19-54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9-54 LAKHS - 51NARR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9-54 LAKHS - 518	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Dec-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24 Feb-24	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-038606000030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003209 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003032 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKNS) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC LOAN (34 LAKNS) ACC NO - 138123429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138123429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS) ACK NO - 13810993 HDFC Car LOAN (35.71 LAKHS VNS) MOTAR CAR LOAN ACC NO-144503221 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148422739 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148422739 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Jun-21 Jun-22 Dec-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24 Feb-24 Feb-24	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them (Rate of Interest varies between 8.05% to 10.50%)
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV No-03860600030309 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (44 ALKH) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC Car Loan (25.52 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138130993 HDFC CAR LOAN (35.71 LAKHS VMS) MOTAN CAR LOAN ACC NO-144503221 HDFC CAR LOAN - 184817164 - 9.54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184817164 - 9.54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9.54 LAKHS - 1878 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24 Feb-24 Jun-23 Sep-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29 May-28 Jun-26	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them  (Rate of Interest varies between 8.05% to 10.50%)  Term Loan: Repayable in 24 instalments starting from 30th Aug 2022 carrying a prevailing interest rate of 11% p.a.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-03860600003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-038606000030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3525 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (34 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC LOAN (32 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS ) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS ) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC Car Loan (25 LAKHS ) ACC NO - 13810993 HDFC CAR LOAN (35.71 LAKHS VNS) MOTAR CAR LOAN ACC NO-144503221 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148427154 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428239 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428239 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428239 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148427364 - 154 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148427364 - 154 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148428529 - 9.54 LAKHS - 5INNAR-E20	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24 Feb-24 Jun-23 Sep-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29 May-28 Jun-26	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them  (Rate of Interest varies between 8.05% to 10.50%)  Term Loan: Repayable in 24 instalments starting from 30th Aug 2022 carrying a prevailing interest rate of 11% p.a.  The facility including all kind of interests, liquidated damages, fees, costs & all other future obligations & liabilities
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan I A/c No-0386060003012 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan II A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600030303 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003087 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan III A/c No-03860600003029 Bank of Baroda Motor Car Loan IV No-03860600030309 Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan Bank of Baroda Bank A/c 3372 - Motor Car Loan HDFC LOAN (44 ALKH) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC LOAN (9.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 137853524 HDFC Car Loan (25.52 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138132429 HDFC Car Loan (25.12 LAKHS) ACC NO - 138130993 HDFC CAR LOAN (35.71 LAKHS VMS) MOTAN CAR LOAN ACC NO-144503221 HDFC CAR LOAN - 184817164 - 9.54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 184817164 - 9.54 LAKHS HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420743 - 9.54 LAKHS - 1878 HDFC CAR LOAN - 148420	Jun-21 May-21 Aug-21 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Feb-23 Feb-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Sep-23 Feb-24 Feb-24 Jun-23 Sep-23	Jun-26 May-26 Aug-26 Dec-28 Jun-28 Jun-27 Dec-29 Feb-30 Aug-27 Jan-30 Jan-30 Aug-28 Jan-29 Jan-29 Jan-29 May-28 Jun-26	Security is the Hypothecation of the specific asset financed by them  (Rate of Interest varies between 8.05% to 10.50%)  Term Loan: Repayable in 24 instalments starting from 30th Aug 2022 carrying a prevailing interest rate of 11% p.a.  The facility including all kind of interests, liquidated damages, fees, costs & all other future obligations & liabilities shall be secured by a subservient continuing charge by way of hypothecation over all fixed assets and movable assets of the company. An exclusive lien on cash collateral of 30% (ten percent) of the Facility amount in the form
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# PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as P.M.Electro-Auto Private Limited)

# CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

THE TANK THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		₹ in lakh:	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023	
21. Non-Current Lease Liabilities			
Lease Liabilities (Non Current)	2,604.12	1,613.50	
Total	2,604.12	1,613.50	
22. Other Non Current Financial Liabilities			
Security Deposits	31.39	28.96	
Other Payables	244.50	20.90	
Total	275.89	28.96	
23. Non-Current Provisions Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 49) Compensated absences Gratuity payable  Other Provisions	237.49 480.37	135.18 363.39	
Accrued Warranty on Sales	94.94	-	
Total	812.80	498.57	
24. Other Non-Current Liabilities			
Deferred Guarantee Income	62.19	74.19	
Deferred Finance Charges on Security Deposit	1.43	3.99	
Total	63.62	78.18	





CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

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Particulars 25. Borrowings - Current	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Secured		
From Banks and Financial Institution Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowing Unsecured	23,444.40 2,636.99	12,975.50 2,005.94
From Banks and Financial Institution From Related Parties	5,542.94 424.64	57.14 1,318.44
Total	32,048.97	16.357.02

#### Notes:

1. Working Capital: First Pari Passu charge on entire current assets of the company, both present and future with BOB, SCB, HDFC, YES bank and Axis Bank

#### Collateral

Extension of EM of the following properties on pari passu basis with BOB, SCB, HDFC, YES, Axis bank and Bajaj Finance PBD lenders

- a. Industrial Property situated at GAT and 365 PT at Nandore near nandoke villiage Naka, Palghar, Thane, Maharashtra 401404, Owned by the
- b. Immovable property situated at shed no B78 and W12 MIDC industrial area village Saptur, Nasik, Maharashtra 422007, Owned by the
- c. Industrial Property situated at Plot no 3 survey no 820/1, Dewan shah Industrial estate, Chintu pada, Mahim Village, Palghar West, Owned by the company
- d. Property at unit no 406, A Wing, 4th Floor, Western Express Highway, Boriwali East, Owned by the company.
- e. Property at plot no 4, chintu pada, survey no 820(1) of village Mahim, Devan industrial estate, Nasik, Plot no E20/1, Sinnar near Zenith Company, Malegaon, Owned by the company.
- 2. Goods procured under LC are held as primary security for LCs opened.

#### 3. Unsecured Borrowings

Personal Guarantees provided below as : Personal Guarantee of Kapil Pravin Sanghvi Personal Guarantee of Sandeep Navin Sanghvi Personal Guarantee of Sameer Pravin Sanghvi Personal Guarantee of Vishal Navin Sanghvi

4. The bill discounting facility from Mahindra shall be secured by DPN for the entire bill discounting limit.





CIN NO : U29219MH2006PTC161285 Notes to the Financial Statements

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
26.Current Lease Liabilities		
Lease Liabilities (Current)	344.75	385.43
Total	344.75	385.43

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
27. Trade Payables		(1285) 外央署(15) 形态(4)
Dues of Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note 52)	3,965.35	2,097.94
Dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises	3,303.33	2,097.94
i) Suppliers Credit	649.81	1,575.54
ii) Due to related parties	043.81	1,5/5.54
iii) Other Trade Payables	2,298.21	3,029.34
Total	6,913.37	6,702.82

## Trade Payables Ageing schedule As on 31st March 2024

Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
School Person	1			Tears
3,374.07 2,225.39	590.61 707.15	0.33 7.35	0.27 7.39	
E 500 46	1 207 76		-	0.81
	5,599.46	5,599.46 1,297.76	5,599.46 1,297.76 7.68	5,599.46 1,297.76 7.68 7.66

As on 31st March 2023

Particulars	Total	Not Due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
Undisputed Trade Payable						years
1) Micro, small and medium enterprises	2,097.94		2,094.37	3.35	0.22	
Other than Micro, small and medium enterprises     Unbilled Trade Payables	4,604.88	-	4,564.74	34.43	5.04	0.67
Total		-				
TO CALL	6,702.82		6,659.11	37.79	5.26	0.67

Note 27.1: Information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company and relied upon by auditors

Note 27.2: Supplier's Credit represent the extended interest free bearing credit offered by the the supplier. Under this arrangement, the supplier is eligible to receive the payment from negotiating with the credit provider prior to the expiry of the extended credit period. As on 31st March, 2024 confirmed supplire's invoice that are outstanding and subject to the above arrangement included in Other Trade Payables is Rs.649.81 Lacs.





CIN NO : U29219MH2006PTC161285 Notes to the Financial Statements

The state of the s		₹ in lakh
Particulars	As at	As at
28. Current Financial Liabilities	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
Sundry Creditor for Capital Goods		
Derivative Liability	156.84	179.57
Employee related liabilities		160.90
Other Expenses Payable	100.63	389.95
Other Payable	258.10	184.46
Interest Payable	244.50	
	42.13	
Total	802.20	914.88
29. Other Current Liabilities		
TDS Payable	나는 하다 나는 그들은 사람이 되었다.	
Advance from customers	248.78	223.96
Deferred Finance Charges on Security Deposit	1,098.23	1,106.08
Deferred Guarantee Income	2.69	2.66
Other Payable	16.12	14.42
other rayable	73.75	68.73
Total	1,439.57	1 415 05
	2,135.57	1,415.85
30. <u>Current Provisions</u>		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 49)		
Compensated absences	59.30	28.61
Total	59.30	28.61
31. <u>Current Tax Liabilities</u> (Net)		
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax)		3 787 7 3
Total	1,343.53	488.77
IOTAI	1,343.53	488.77





CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

		₹ in lakh
Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024	For the year ended 31-03-2023
32. Revenue from Operations		
Sale of Products		
Revenue from Domestic Sale		
Revenue from Export	41,705.21	23,189.67
Revenue from Job work	45,009.95	28,006.04
Revenue from Raw material sale	598.67	385.56
Total	13,247.51	16,512.37
Other Operating Revenue	100,561.34	68,093.64
Technical services income	하는 사용을 들어가면 이 호텔이다고 하셨다.	
Scrap Sales	221.23	92.19
Other Operating Revenue	4,754.34	2,232.75
Total	1,464.14	1,070.04
	6,439.71	3,394.98
Total	107,001.05	71,488.62
		72,100.02
33. Other Income		
Management Services	177.32	109.19
Gain from Sale of Arbitage Mutual Fund		19.81
Gain on Termination of Lease	1.35	20.26
Guarantee Income	15.40	18.42
Foreign Exchange Gain / (Loss)	590.59	69.52
MTM Gain on forward contracts	190.02	_
Insurance Claim Received	637.31	0.04
PSI Received	105.55	-
Interest Income	1,061.93	610.29
Interest on Deposit given	16.23	13.26
Lease Equalisation Income (Ind As)	(0.30)	2.57
Rent Income	90.17	89.61
Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	31.82	12.89
Deferred Finance Income (Ind As)	2.69	2.66
Sundry Balance W / off		133.34
Other Miscellaneous income	39.39	18.83
Total	2,959.47	1,120.69





## CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

		₹ in lakh
Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024	For the year ended 31-03-2023
34. Cost of Materials Consumed		
Raw Material		
Opening Stock		
Add : Purchases	9,221.43	4,214.11
, was it dividues	77,003.08	53,886.98
Less : Closing Stock	86,224.51	58,101.09
Total	15,651.94	9,221.43
i Otal	70,572.57	48,879.66
35. Purchase of Stock in Trade		
Dies & Tools Purchases	507.67	128.84
Total	507.67	128.84
36. <u>Changes in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade</u> Closing Stock		
Finished Goods	1 919 07	4 040 50
Work-in-progress	1,818.07	1,943.59
Stock in Trade	3,130.18	1,352.53
Α	4 040 25	
	4,948.25	3,296.12
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	4 040 50	
Work-in-progress	1,943.59	1,334.67
Stock in Trade	1,352.53	678.84
Stock Sold As free Sample		
B	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
P	3,296.12	2,013.51
(Increase)/Decrease in Stocks (B-A)	(1,652.13)	(1,282.61
37. Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salary, Wages and Bonus	5,027.04	4 247 02
Contribution to Provident Fund and other Fund	497.03	4,247.82
Worker & Staff Welfare	279.22	163.42
Total	5,803.29	184.42 4,595.66
		4,333.00
38. Finance Cost		
nterest on borrowings	2,365.54	939.97
Others (LC and Bill Discounting Charges)	920.86	646.38
Bank Commission and Charges	148.94	104.33
Processing Fees	111.03	150.58
nterest on Lease Liability	221.34	185.41
nterest on Income Tax	97.25	
nterest on Deposit Accepted	2.78	2.51
mortisation of Processing Fees	14.66	15.28
nterest on MSME		8.98
Total	3,882.40	2,053.44





#### CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

	ar ended
31-03	-2023
	0.00
	1,722.92
	7 /11

Particulars	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
39. Depreciation and Amortization Expenses		
Tangible Assets	1,785.82	1 722 02
Other Intangible Assets	22.11	1,722.92
ROU Asset	358.85	7.41 307.97
Total	2166.78	2038.30
40. Other Expenses		
Manufacturing Expenses		
Audit Fees	26.20	25.04
Business Promotion Expenses	118.20	104.37
Carriage Outward	1,308.04	660.82
Clearing and Forwarding Charges	431.59	296.70
Consultancy Charges	321.36	286.47
Consumable	599.57	479.81
Consumption of Packing Material	2,898.79	1,598.15
CSR - Corporate Social Responsibility Exps	76.25	67.50
Electricity Charges	468.79	357.99
Fuel & Gases	439.77	418.20
Guarantee expense	15.40	18.42
Insurance	255.62	133.18
Job Work Charges	5,325.34	2,887.09
Labour Charges	267.49	116.53
Legal & Professional Charges	235.85	215.61
Other Miscellaneous Expenses	869.35	631.71
Loading & Unloading	102.36	45.11
MTM Loss on forward contracts	102.50	654.97
Provision for doubtful debts	(36.51)	205.90
Software Expense	179.29	13.36
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	465.39	272.66
Realised loss on forward contracts	156.09	1,151.73
Repair & Maintenance	1,148.50	539.52
Security Charges	206.11	145.38
Stamping and Documentation Charges	188.40	28.93
Sundry Balance W / off	200.83	20.33
Wages (Contractor)	2,354.78	1,103.20
Warranty Expenses	94.94	1,103.20
Total	18,717.79	12,458.35





Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Capital Management (Ind AS 1):

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- i) maximise shareholder value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and,
- ii) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Company consists of issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The company's risk management committee reviews the capital structure of the

The Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity.

POTENCIAL STRUCTURE AND SERVICE STRUCTURE SERVICE STRUCTURE SERVICE SE		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Debt* Equity	35,069.82	19,922.41
	21,256.59	14,506.10
Debt to Equity (Gross)	1.65	1.37

as long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings and current maturities of long term borrowings, as described in notes 20 and 25.

In addition the Company has financial covenants relating to the borrowing facilities that it has taken from the lenders like interest coverage service ratio, Debt to EBITDA, etc. which is maintained by the Company.

#### 42 Income Taxes (Ind AS 12)

Reconciliation of Effective Tax Rate:		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Profit before Tax Tax Expense Effective Tax Rate (in %)	9,962.15 3,175.96	3,737.67 1,125.89
Effect of Non-Deductible expenses (in %)  Effect of Allowances for tax purpose (in %)	31.88% -0.47%	30.12% 0.11%
Effect of MAT credit utilised (in %)  Effect of Effect of Excess / short provision in previous years (in %)	-1.64% 0.00%	0.55% 0.00%
Others Applicable Tax Rate (in %)	-2.60% -2.00%	-1.20% -4.41%
	25.17%	25.17%

#### Financial Risk Management Objectives (Ind AS 107)

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprises of borrowings, lease, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operation's. The company's principal financial assets, other than derivatives include trade and other receivables, investments and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company. The company uses derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts that are entered to hedge foreign currency risk exposure. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.

The sources of risks which the company is exposed to and their management is given belo

Risk	Exposure Arising From	Measurement	CONTRACTOR - CONTR
A. Market Risk		ivieasurement	Management
L) Foreign Exchange Risk	Committed commercial transaction	Cash Flow Forecasting	
	Financial asset and liabilities not denominated in INR	Sensitivity Analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts
?) Interest Rate	Long Term Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity Analysis, Interest rate movements	Active monitoring of Interest rates volatility
Commodity Price Risk	Movement in prices of commodities	Sensitivity Analysis, Commodity price tracking	Active inventory management
. Credit Risk	Trade receivables, Investments, Derivative financial instruments, loans	Aging analysis, Credit Rating	Credit limit and credit worthiness monitoring, Criteria based approval process
. Liquidity Risks	Borrowings and Other Liabilities and Liquid investments	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Monitoring of credit lines and borrowing limits

The Company has policies, procedures and authorisation matrix for utilisation of funds, which ensures deployment of fund in prudent manner and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligation when due. Compliances of these policies and procedures are reviewed by treasury team on periodically.

The Company's treasury team updates Senior management on periodical basis about implementation and execution of above policies. It also updates senior management on periodical basis about various risk to the business and status of various activities planned to mitigate the risk.

#### A. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and borrowings.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1) Foreign Currency risk

foreign currency risk is the risk of impact related to fair value or future cash flows of an exposure in foreign currency, which fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in match the terms of the hedged exposure.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions. The Company follows established risk management policies and procedures. It uses derivative instruments like forwards exchange contract to hedge exposure to foreign currency risk.

		in lakh
Outstanding foreign currency exposure	Asat	As at
Financial Liabilities	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
Trade Payables		
USD	12.93	63.46
Trade Receivable	12.55	03.40
USD		
	81.14	12.28
Other Receivable		
USD		
	6.53	
Loan Given USD		
	4.00	
Total	104.60	75 75

Out of USD 104.60 lakhs foreign currency exposure as on 31st March 2024, USD 94.07 lakhs hedged and out of USD 75.75 lakhs foreign currency exposure as on 31st March 2023, USD 75.75 lakhs hedged

#### Foreign Currency sensitivity on unhedged exposure

Gain / (Loss) in rupees due to increase in foreign exchange rates by 100 bps		
g = 13c=5 y 100 b)s		₹ in lakhs
Particular	As at	As at
USD	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
	0.70	

#### 2) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rate. In order to optimize the Company's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instrument in the company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as at the respective reporting dates.

#### Interest Rate exposure

Particular	Total Borrowing	Floating Rate Borrowing	₹ in lakhs Average Interest Rate
Total as at March 31, 2024 INR	35,069.82 35,069.82	7,919.95 <b>7,919.95</b>	8.46%
Total as at March 31, 2023	19,922.41 19,922.41	3,421.46 3,421.46	10000000

#### Interest rate sensitivities for unhedged exposure

Gain / (Loss) due to increase in interest rates by 100 bps		₹ in lakhs
Particular	As at	As at
INR	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
Note: If the rate is decreased by 100 bps profit will increase by an equal amount.	79.20	34.21

Interest rate sensitivity has been calculated assuming the borrowings are outstanding at the reporting date have been outstanding for the entire reporting period.

#### Forward exchange Contracts:

(a) Derivatives for hedging currency and interest rates, outstanding are a	s under:			in lakhs
Particular Forward Contracts	Purpose	Currency	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Forward Contracts	Exports Imports	USD (in Lakh) USD (in Lakh)	73.73 21.66	112.95 101.66

#### 3) Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk for the Company is mainly related to fluctuations in raw material prices linked to various external factors, which can affect the production cost of the Company. To manage this risk, the Company monitors by the procurement department.

#### B. Credit Risk Management

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and from its financing / investing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and financial guarantees. The Company has one major customer which represent approx 70% receivables as on 31st March 2024 (64.49% receivable as on 31st March 2023) and company is receiving payment from these parties within due dates. Hence company has no significant credit risk related to these parties.





Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Trade Receivable

Trade receivables are consisting of a large number of customers / distributors. The Company has credit evaluation policy for each customer and based on the evaluation credit limit of each customer is defined. The Company's marketing team are responsible for monitoring receivable on periodical basis.

Total trade receivable as on March 31, 2024 is Rs. 17,047.30 Lakhs (March 31, 2023 - Rs. 10,444.32 Lakhs)

As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default payments and makes appropriate provision at each reporting date wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk. The policy for creating provision for credit losses on trade receivables is as per following provision matrix:-

Particular	Loss Allowance Provision
0 to 1 year	Nil
Above 1 year	100%

Movement of provision for doubtful debts:

₹ in lakhs

。		THI IAKIIS
Particular	As at	Asat
Opening Provision	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
Add: Provision during the year	341.89	137.91
	(36.51)	203.98
Less: Utilised during the year	Section 10 of Section	200,00
Closing Provision	305.38	244.00
	303.38	341.89

#### Investments, Derivative Instruments, Cash and Cash Equivalent and Bank Deposit:

Credit Risk on cash and cash equivalent, deposits with the banks / financial institutions is generally low as the said deposits have been made with the banks / financial institutions who have been assigned high credit rating by international and domestic rating agencies.

Total Non-Current and Current Investment as on 31st March 2024 is ₹ 7,563.82 lakhs (31st March 2023- ₹ 1,538.64 lakhs)

Credit Risk on Derivative Instruments are generally low as Company enters into the Derivative Contracts with the reputed Banks and Financial Institutions.

#### **B. Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company's treasury team is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities and investments held for managing the risk at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31, 2024		A STATE OF THE STA		₹ in lakh
Term Loan (Including current maturities of Long term Loans)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Short term loan	2,636.99	3,020.85		5,657,83
	29,411.98	6 a 64		29,411.98
Trade Payable	6,913.36			6,913.36
Other financial liabilities	802.20	275.89		1.078.10
Undiscounted Lease Liability	628.13	2,221.80	1.050.00	•
Derivative Liability	026.13	2,221.60	1,959.80	4,809.72

₹ in lakhs

As at March 31, 2023	The second secon	THE PARTY OF THE P	enantial and a second a second and a second	VIII IANIIS
Term Loan (Including current maturities of Long term Loans)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total -
	2,005.94	3,565.39	-	5,571.33
Short term loan Trade Pavable	14,351.08			14,351.08
Other financial liabilities	6,702.82			6,702.82
Undiscounted Lease Liability	914.88	28.96		943.85
Derivative Liability	385.43	1,298.24	1,420.09	3,103.76
Desire and my	160.90			160.90

Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilities (Ind AS 107)

			3 in lakns
	Particular As at 31-03-2024		As at 31-03-2023
Financial Assets at amortised cost			32 03 2023
Trade receivable	17.0	47.30	10,326.40
Loans		81.99	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
Investments			4,449.35
Cash and cash equivalents	1020	63.79	1,524.20
Other Balances with Banks		02.06	2,140.39
Other Financial Assets		95.75	1,973.00
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,1	78.25	1,275.76
Investment			
Fair Value Hedging Instruments	4,00	00.03	14.45
Derivative Asset		29.12	
Total		-	
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost	37,99	18.28	21,703.54
Loans from Banks & Others	25.00	59.82	10.000.44
Trade Payable			19,922.41
Other Financial Liabilities		13.36	6,702.82
Lease Obligation		78.10	782.95
Fair Value Hedging Instruments	2,94	8.87	1,998.93
Derivative Liability		- 1	
Total		-	160.90
	46,01	0.15	29,568.01





#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Fair Value measurements (Ind AS 113)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at measurement date under the current market condition regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using other valuation techniques.

The Company has established the following fair value hierarchy that categorises the values into 3 levels. The inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial instruments are:

Level 1: This hierarchy uses quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value of all quoted investments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price or dealer

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on company specific estimates. Unquoted investments are valued using the closing Net Asset Value. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

rivative Liability/ (Assets) - level 2	/alue	
vestments-Level 1 vestments-Level 2 ir Value hedging instruments vrivative Liability/ (Assets) - level 2	STORY THE RESIDENCE	As at 1-03-2023
ir Value hedging instruments  4,0  4,0  4,0  4,0  4,0  4,0  4,0  4,		
erivative Liability/ (Assets) - level 2	03	0.0
	12)	
	91	160.9

The management assessed that cash and bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables, cash credits and other financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- (a) The fair values of the quoted investments are based on market price/net asset value at the reporting date.
- (b) The fair value of unquoted investments is based on closing Net Assets Value at reporting date.
- (c) The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is calculated as the present value determined using forward exchange rates and interest rate curve of the respective currencies.
- (d) The fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis or based on the contractual terms. The discount rates used is based on management estimates.

#### 46 Revenue (Ind AS 115)

A) The company is engaged in manufacturing and selling steel based products. Sales are made at a point in time and revenue from contract with customer is recognised when goods are dispatched and the control over the goods sold is transferred to customers. The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of goods and payment by customer exceeds one year. Hence, the Company does not adjust revenue for the time value of money.

#### B) Revenue recognised from Contract Liability (Advances from Customers):

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Closing Contract Liability	1,098.23	1,106.08

#### C) Reconciliation of revenue as per contract price and as recognised in statement of profit and loss:

₹in lakhs		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Revenue as per Contract price	105,315.68	70,326.39
Less: Discounts and incentives		
Revenue as per statement of profit and loss	105,315.68	70,326,39

47	Auditors' Remuneration	n (excluding GST) and expe	
	Madicola Melliallelariol	I lexcluding GS I I and exp	enses

Auditors' Remuneration (excluding GST) and expenses		₹ in lakhs	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
(a) Statutory Auditors:			
Audit Fees	25.00	25.04	
Fees for Other Services	0.90	25.04	
Expenses reimbursed	0.30		
Total (A+B)	26.20	25.04	





#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### 48 Contingent Liability and Commitments (to the extent not provided for) (Ind AS 37):

i) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt

₹ in lakhs

		/ III Iakiis
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at     March 31, 2025
Bill discounting from Mahindra Finance	197.81	549.95
Bill Discounting from Kotak Mahindra Bank	1,710.36	1,748.88
Disputed demand for Income Tax for the assessment year 2009-10, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23.	2.83	53.99
Letter of Credit Issued but Bill of exchange not received	360.55	580.52
Trans credit with respect to FY 2017-18	29.43	29.43
Dual Benefit Availed under EOU Scheme		37.29

Cash outflows for the above are determinable only on receipt of judgments pending at various forums / authorities.

#### ii) Guarantees

- a) Guarantees given by Banks on behalf of the Company to Customers upto March 31,2024 ₹178.66 Lakh (March 31,2023- ₹155.99 Lakh).
- b) Corporate Guarantee given by the Company in the favour of PMEA solar systems Pvt Ltd. to the SVC co-operative Bank Ltd. on Sanctioned Facilities of Rs.8,500 lakhs, outstanding as on date Rs. 5,419.09 lakhs (March 23- Rs 4,395.93 lakhs)
- c) Corporate Guarantee given by the Company in the favour of PMEA solar systems Pvt Ltd. to the Citi Bank on Sanctioned Facilities of Rs.4,000 lakhs and outstanding as on date Rs2,706.44 lakhs (For March 23- Nil)
- Corporate Guarantee given by the Company in the favour of PMEA solar systems Pvt Ltd. to the Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd. on Sanctioned Facilities of Rs.4,000 lakhs, outstanding Rs 900.35 lakhs (For March 23 Sanctioned facilities Rs.4,000 lakhs, outstanding Rs 3,305.82 lakhs)
- corporate Guarantee given by the Company in the favour of PMEA solar systems Pvt Ltd. to the Bank of Baroda on Sanctioned Facilities of Rs.3,000 lakhs outstanding Rs 1,613.06 lakhs (For March 23 Sanctioned facilities Rs.3,000 lakhs, outstanding Rs 2,914.48 lakhs)
- Corporate guarantee given by the company in the favour of PMEA solar systems Pvt Ltd. to the Siemens Financial Services private Limited on sanction facilities of Rs 363.09 lakhs and outstanding as on date Rs 310.65 lakhs (For March 23 Sanctioned facilities Rs.NIL, outstanding Rs NIL)

#### iii) Commitments

Estimated amount of Contracts remaining to be executed on Capital account and not provided for are Rs. 1033.05 lakhs (March 31,2023 -Rs. 931.34 lakhs)

#### iv) Foreseeable Losses

The Company has a process whereby periodically all the long term contracts (including derivatives contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the Company has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law / accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on

#### 49 Employee Benefits

The disclosures required under Ind AS 19 " Employee Benefits" are given below:

#### A Defined Contribution Plans:

Amount recognized as an expense and included in Note 37 under the head "Contribution to Provident and other Funds" of Statement of Profit and Loss

#### B Defined Benefit Plans:

#### Gratuity:

The gratuity payable to employees is based on the employee's service and last drawn salary at the time of leaving the services of the Company and is in accordance with the rules of the Company for payment of gratuity.

#### nherent Risk:

The plan is defined in nature which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, this exposes the Company to actuarial risk such as adverse salary growth, change in demographic experience, inadequate return on underlying plan assets. This may result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to the employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature, the plan is not subject to any longevity

i) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the Defined

Benefit Obligation:		
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Present Value of obligations at the beginning of the year Interest Cost	399.90 29.22	258.86 18.07
Past Service Cost		-
Current Service Cost Benefits paid	69.73	47.41
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation	(15.45) 59.64	(16.90) 92.46
Present Value of obligations at the end of the year	543.04	399.90





#### Notes to the Financial Statements

ii) Statement showing changes in the fair value of plan assets

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at	
Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	31-03-2024 36.51	31-03-2023	
Interest on Plan Assets		25.89	
Remeasurement due to:	2.34	1.66	
Actuarial loss/ (gain) arising on account of experience change	9.91	0.07	
Contribution by Employer	29.37	25.79	
Benefits paid	(15.45)	(16.90)	
Acquisition Adjustment	,,-	(10.50)	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	62.68	36.51	

Amount recognised in Balance Sheet including a reconciliation of the present value of the Defined Benefit

- (i) and the fair value of the plan assets in
- (ii) to the assets and liabilities recognised in the balance sheet:

₹ in lakh

	\ in lakns	
Particulars	As at 31-08-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	543.04	399.90
Fair Value of Planned assets	62.68	36.51
Net Liability Recognised in Balance Sheet	480.37	363.39
Long Term Provisions	480.37	363.39

iv) Expenses recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at	As at 31-03-2023
Current Service Cost	69.73	47.41
Interest Cost on defined benefit liability / (asset)	26.88	16.41
Total Expense Charged to Profit/Loss account	96.61	63.82

v) Re-Measurement recognised in OCI

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	AG at 311-08-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Remeasurements during the period due to:		02.00.2025
Changes in Financial Assumptions Changes in Demographic Assumption	18.04	69.34
Experience Adjustments	41.60	23.13
Actual Return on Plan Assets less Interest on Plan Assets	(9.91)	(0.07)
Closing Amount Recognised in OCI outside P&L	49.73	92.39

vi) Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation

₹ in lakhs

Manager and American State of the Control of the Co		₹ in lakhs
Particulars 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	As at	Asat
Within next 12 month	31-03-2024	31-03-2023
	28.95	20.60
Between 1 and 5 year	144.24	89.55
Between 5 and 10 year		69.55
	169.33	120.12
10 Year and above	1,152.46	995.09

vii) Major Categories of Plan Assets as Percentage of Total Plan

Asat	Rate	Asat	₹ in lai
62.68	100%		<b>计算机的运输自</b> 加速
62.68	200%		100%
	31-03-2024 62.68	62.68 100%	31-03-2024 Refe 31-03-2023 62.68 100% 36.51





#### Notes to the Financial Statements

viii) Expected rate of return on Plan Assets is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the fund during the

ix) Principal actuarial assumptions at the Balance Sheet date

₹ in lakhs

Particulars Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	ASER SHOEDDA
Discount Rate	7.20%	7.50%
Salary Escalation Rate	10.00%	10.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM-2012-14	IALM-2012-14
Attrition Rate(Average Rate of 2 Age Groups)	7.50%	7.50%

x) Amounts recognised to Gratuity:

₹ in lakh

Particulars	Asat	As at
Defined Benefit Obligation	31-03-2024 543.04	31-03-2023 399.90
Plan Assets	62.68	36.51
Surplus / ( Deficit )	(480.37)	(363.39)

xi) Expected Contribution to the Funds in the next year:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars to the Particular and the Particular an	2024-25	2023-24
Gratuity	20	10

xii) Sensitivity Analysis for significant assumption

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 30,003 2023
0.5% Increase in discount rate	-5.44%	-5.77%
0.5% decrease in discount rate	5.93%	6.31%
0.5% Increase in salary escalation clause	5.19%	5.95%
0.5% Decrease in salary escalation clause	-4.90%	-5.56%

<sup>\*</sup> These Sensitivities have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the accounting date. There have been no changes from the previous periods in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis.

xiii) The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors

#### xiv) Asset Liability matching strategy:

The money contributed by the Company to the Gratuity fund to finance the liabilities of the plan has to be invested. The company has outsourced the investment management of the fund to LIC. The Insurance Company in turn manages these funds as per the mandate provided to them by the company and the asset allocation which is within the permissible limits prescribed in the insurance regulations. Due to the restrictions in the type of investments that can be held by the fund, it is not possible to explicitly follow an asset liability matching strategy.

There is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully prefund the liability of the Plan. The Company's philosophy is to fund these benefits based on its Amount recognised as expenses in respect of compensated Absenses is ₹ 201.39 lakhs

#### 50 Earnings Per Share ( IND AS 33)

Particulars Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	AS 28 311.031.2023
Basic / Diluted EPS:		
i) Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (Rs/ lacs)	6,786,19	2,611.78
ii) Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding (Nos.) [For Basic and Diluted EPS]	112.41	112.41
Basic / Diluted EPS in ₹ Per Share ( Face Value ₹ Rs 10/share) (i)/(ii)	60.37	23.23





Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 51 Related Party Disclosures

#### a) Related Parties with whom there were transactions during the year:

Name of Related Party	Relation
Kapil P sanghvi	Director
Kapil P Sanghvi HUF	Relative Of Director
Samir P Sanghvi	Director
Samir P Sanghvi HUF	Relative Of Director
Sandeep N Sanghvi	Director
Sandeep N Sanghvi HUF	Relative Of Director
Vishal N Sanghvi	Director
Vishal N Sanghvi HUF	Relative Of Director
Dharini S Sanghvi	Shareholder
Kinnari V Sanghvi	Shareholder
Mansi K Sanghvi	Shareholder
Pushpa P Sanghvi	Shareholder
Parul S Sanghvi	Shareholder
Shivam K Sanghvi	Relative Of Director
Jaynil Vishal Sanghvi	Relative Of Director
Dhruv Samir Sanghvi	Relative Of Director
Padmanabh Nimbhorkar	Chief Executive Officer (w.e.f 09th June 2024)
Anchal Tripathi	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f 09th June 2024)
PMEA Solar Systems Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
P M Electro Auto Inc	Subsidiary Company
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	Subsidiary Company

## b) Transactions carried out with related parties referred above, in the ordinary course of business:

Name of the transacting related party	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023	
1.Bonus:	<del></del>		
Kapil P Sanghvi	1.50	1.50	
Samir P Sanghvi	1.50	1.50	
Sandeep N Sanghvi	2.00	2.00	
Vishal N Sanghvi	1.50	1.50	
2.Consultancy			
Kapil P Sanghvi	1 1 4 4 5 5 -	19.98	
Samir P Sanghvi	-	19.98	
Sandeep N Sanghvi	-	19.98	
Vishal N Sanghvi		19.98	
Kinnari V Sanghvi	4.88	4.88	
Mansi K Sanghvi	12.28	12.28	
Parul S Sanghvi	12.28	12.28	
Shivam K Sanghvi	10.65	10.65	
Jaynil Vishal Sanghvi	3.25	3.25	
3.Design Charges	+		
Dharini S Sanghvi	4.88	4.88	
Kinnari V Sanghvi	4.88	4.88	
Parul S Sanghvi	4.88	4.88	
Shivam K Sanghvi	3.25	3.25	
Jaynil Vishal Sanghvi	3.25	3.25	
4.Performance Bonus			
Kapil P Sanghvi	80.00	55.55	





Samir P Sanghvi	80.00	55.55
andeep N Sanghvi	160.00	83.35
hal N Sanghvi	80.00	55.55
PF Contribution		
apil P Sanghvi	2.16	2.16
amir P Sanghvi	2.16	2.16
andeep N Sanghvi	2.88	2.88
ishal N Sanghvi	2.16	2.16
hruv Samir Sanghvi	0.38	1.65
Purchase of Shares		400.00
M Electro Auto Inc	2 025 47	400.00
apovan Auto Tech Private Limited	2,035.47	-
Colom		
Salary Capil P Sanghvi	213.56	196.70
amir P Sanghvi	213.56	196.70
	440.89	417.00
andeep N Sanghvi /ishal N Sanghvi	213.56	196.70
Druv Samir Sanghvi	32.79	35.50
may samin sangnyi	52.75	33.30
. Post Employement Benefit (Director)		
apil P Sanghvi	13.81	-
amir P Sanghvi	14.52	-
andeep N Sanghvi	11.89	(=)
rishal N Sanghvi	12.13	-
Supervisor		
Dharini S Sanghvi	4.88	4.88
Mansi K Sanghvi	4.88	4.88
hivam K Sanghvi	3.25	3.25
aynil Vishal Sanghvi	3.25	3.25
0. Interest accrued on Unsecured Loans	3.50	7.00
(apil P Sanghvi	2.60	7.98
amir P Sanghvi	3.14	6.66
andeep N Sanghvi	8.15 10.09	12.72 14.18
/ishal N Sanghvi		
(innari V Sanghavi	20.88 16.53	32.18 12.04
Mansi K Sanghavi	10.76	12.04
arui S Sanghavi	29.15	25.94
ushpa P Sanghavi	0.23	0.26
/ishal N Sanghvi Huf	0.02	0.20
(apil P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.00	0.00
ameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.00	0.00
andeep N. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.00	0.00
.Amount of loan or deposit taken or accepted (Rs.)		
pil P Sanghvi	90.00	36.43
amir P Sanghvi	169.86	31.25
andeep N Sanghvi	140.00	164.13
ishal N Sanghvi	176.65	37.83
innari V Sanghvi	184.50	354.08
lansi K Sanghvi	210.30	259.65
arul S Sanghvi	200.00	294.74
harini S Sanghvi	118.25	230.58
ushpa P Sanghavi	•	0.44
Amount of the December (De.)		
2.Amount of the Repayment (Rs.)	52.69	112.20
apil P Sanghvi		
amir P Sanghvi	136.24	71.13
andeep N Sanghvi	115.65	210.4
ishal N Sanghyi	265.21	56.53
innari V Sanghvi	523.54	288.3
lanci V Canabui	403.92 392.02	158.64 197.6
	392.02	197.6
arul S Sanghvi	382.45	4.83
arul S Sanghvi harini S Sanghvi		
arul S Sanghvi harini S Sanghvi ushpa P Sanghavi	- 0.42	
arul S Sanghvi Dharini S Sanghvi Jushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf	0.43	
Parul S Sanghvi Pharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02	<u>:</u>
Mansi K Sanghvi Parul S Sanghvi Dharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf) Sameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
Parul S Sanghvi Pharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02	-
Parul S Sanghvi Pharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf) Sameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
Parul S Sanghvi Pharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf) Sameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
Parul S Sanghvi Pharini S Sanghvi Pushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf Kapil P. Sanghavi (Huf) Sameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
arul S Sanghvi harini S Sanghvi ushpa P Sanghavi /ishal N Sanghvi Huf (apil P. Sanghavi (Huf) Sameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
rul S Sanghvi arini S Sanghvi shpa P Sanghavi shal N Sanghvi Huf apil P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	-
arul S Sanghvi harini S Sanghvi ushpa P Sanghavi Vishal N Sanghvi Huf (apil P. Sanghavi (Huf) ameer P. Sanghavi (Huf)	0.02 0.02	•



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13.Amount of Loan and Advances Given		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	11,244.57	17,945.29
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	1,457.38	
P M Electro Auto Inc	333.30	-
14.Amount of Loan and Advance Given received Back		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	12,403.93	17.026.20
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	36.68	17,036.38
15.Amount of Purchase		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	1,181.02	1,707.87
16.Amount of Sales		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	40.000.00	
P M Electro Auto Inc	12,268.28	15,600.07
Kapil P Sanghvi	245.63	
Tapovan Auto Tech Pvt Ltd	113.38	1.47
17. Amount of Interest Income		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	925.54	627.22
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	826.64 30.86	637.33
P M Electro Auto Inc	3.55	-
18. Management Services (Income)		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	177.32	109.19
10 LC Discounting Charges		
19. LC Discounting Charges		
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	249.15	-
20. Expenses (Net) on behalf of		
P M Electro Auto Inc	512.01	26.39
21. Technical services income		
PM Electro Auto Inc	221.23	92.19

c) Outstanding balances: ₹ in lakhs

Name of the transacting related party	Nature of Transaction	As at year ended 31st March, 2024	As at year ended 31st March, 2023
Kapil P Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	69.17	30.07
Kapil P Sanghvi HUF	Unsecured Loan	- 1	0.02
Samir P Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	73.82	37.99
Samir P Sanghvi HUF	Unsecured Loan		0.02
Sandeep N Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	118.59	87.92
Sandeep N Sanghvi HUF	Unsecured Loan		0.02
Vishal N Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	54.99	125.85
Vishal N Sanghvi HUF	Unsecured Loan	-	0.41
Dharini S Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	29.32	321.61
Kinnari V Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	20.89	324.27
Manasi K Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	17.62	196.41
Pushpa P. Sanghavi	Unsecured Loan	2.05	2.05
Parul S Sanghvi	Unsecured Loan	38.20	191.80
Kapil P Sanghvi	Trade Receivable	-	1.47
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	Investment/Other liabilities	78.32	1.47
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	Loan & Interest Receivable	3,096.08	4,233.87
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	Investment	1,050.00	1,138.61
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	2,000.00	5,832.13
PMEA Solar Systems Pvt Ltd	Other Receivable	187.72	117.92
PM Electro Auto Inc	Investment	400.00	400.00
PM Electro Auto Inc	Other Receivable	540.92	26.39
PM Electro Auto Inc	Loan & Interest Receivable	337.05	20.55
PM Electro Auto Inc	Trade Receivable	733.57	92.19
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	Investment	2,035.47	32.13
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	Loan & Interest Receivable	1,448.48	-
Tapovan Auto Tech Private Limited	Trade Receivable	133.62	-

#### Terms and Conditions of transaction with Related Parties:

The sales to and Purchase from and services provided to related parties includind property, plant and Equipment are made in normal course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances of loan given to subsidiaries companies are inclusive of interest receivable.

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Chartered Accountants

As per Ind As 36, An entity shall assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exist, the entity shall estimate the recoverable amount of asset

#### 52 <u>Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006</u>

Amounts due to Micro and Small Enterprises disclosed on the basis of information available with the Company regarding status of the suppliers are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024		₹ in lakhs As at 31-03-2023	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting year included in trade payable and Interest due thereon remaining unpaid at the end of the year	3,965.35	5.16	2,097.94	10.79
The amount of interest paid as per terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act along with the amount of payment made beyond the due date	9,108.52	166.57	3,720.83	
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the due date during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the act				
nterest amount due and unpaid as at the end of the year		5.16		10.70
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in hesucceeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium interprises Development Act, 2006.		-		10.79

53 Corporate Social Responsibility:

图10年30人的成化,10年4年10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年20日,10年2		₹ in lakhs	
Particulars	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023	
Total amount excess / (shortfall) pertaining to previous year	4.63	5.94	
Gross amount required to be spent under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013	76.73	68.81	
Total amount spent during the year (Refer note 40)		00.01	
(i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset			
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	76.25	67.50	
Total amount excess /(shortfall) at the end of year out of the required amount to be spent	4.15	4.63	

Amount of Corporate Social Responsibility is spent towards:		₹ in lakhs
Promotion of school Education	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2023
Relief of Poverty		
Total	76.25	67.50
Iotal	76.25	67.50

#### 54 Government Grant (Ind AS 20):

Other Income include Incentives against capital investments, under Package scheme of Incentive 2013 amounting to March 31, 2024 - 105.55 Lakhs (March 31, 2023 - NIL)

#### 55 Acquistion of Tapovan Auto Tech Private limited

The company has acquiried 10,000 (100%) equity shares of face value of Rs.10 each of Tapovan Auto tech private limited ("Tapovan"), for Rs.2035.47 lakhs wide share purchase agreement dated.16th December 2023 considering the 30th November 2023, being the Transfer date. Tapovan has become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company with effect from 1st December

#### 56 Transaction with Companies Struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013

₹ in lakhs

Sr. No	Name of struck off company	Nature of transactions with struck-off company	Balance Outstanding as on 31-03-2024		Relationship with the struck off company
1	ALLIED ENTERPRISES PRIVATE LIMITED	Trade Payable		0.04	Vendor
2	MUTHA MARKFIN PRIVATE LIMITED	Trade Pavable			
3	SAHANI LOGISTICS PRIVATE LIMITED	Trade Pavable			Vendor
	The state of the s	Trade Payable	8.87	-	Vendor

- a) As on March 31,2024, there is no unutilised amount in respect of any long term borrowings from banks and financial institutions. The borrowed funds have been utilised for the specific purpose for which the fund were raised.
- b) The company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- c) The Company does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- d) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- e) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- f) The comapny has not surrendred or disclosed any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey or any other relevent provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- g) The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
- h) The company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules

58 Segment Reporting (Ind As 108)

The Company has presented segment information in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, as per Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments', no disclosures related to segment presented in these financial statements. 550c



#### CIN NO: U29219MH2006PTC161285

Notes to the Financial Statements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	% Change	₹ in lakh
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.26		-0.31%	Reason
Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Total Equity	1.65	1.37	20.13%	NA NA
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net profit after taxes + Finance costs + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Allowance of credit loss	Repayment of short term lease , long term lease + Finance Cost	3.92	4.12	-4.95%	The Operating profit of the company have improved resulting overall improvement in DSCR
Return on Equity	Net Profit	Average Total Equity	38%	20%	92.25%	Margin have improved on account of overall business improvement and strategic planning
Inventory Turnover Ratio		Average Inventory	6.04	7.23	-16.54%	NA
Debtors Turnover Ratio	Sales of Products	Average Trade Receivable	7.35	8.56	-14.12%	
Creditors Turnover Ratio	Total Purchase	Average Trade Payable	11.82	9.67		NA
Net Capital Turnover Ratio		Working Capital	9.00		22.21%	NA
	(40)		5.00	9.81	-8.23%	NA
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Sales of Products	6.75%	3.84%	75.94%	Margin have improved on account of overall business improvement and strategic planning
leturn on Capital Employed	Profit Before Tax and Interest	Capital Employed	24.58%	16.82%	46.12%	Margin have improved substantially on account of overall business improvement and strategic planning
leturn on investment	Income from Mutual Fund + Interest Income	Current Investment + Fixed Deposit	2.47%	-0.91%	-371.54%	The Average interest earned is 5.05% by the company, However due to reversal of Interest in previous year the difference in observed.

#### 60 Borrowings Obtained On The Basis Of Security Of Current Assets

As per sanctioned letter issued by Banks, the Company is required to report to the Bankers the Outstanding amount of Debtors, Creditors & Inventory statement to Banks on Monthly basis. The details of the same as reported to the Bank and the same as per Books alongwith the differences are stated as under.

April 2023 2,698.62 2,791.16 (92.54) -3. April 2023 3,008.34 3,103.65 (95.31) -3. June 2023 4,878.20 4,864.26 13.94 0.2. July 2023 5,110.09 5,094.98 15.11 0.3 August 2023 5,362.12 5,370.34 (8.23) -0.1 September 2023 6,060.07 6,048.68 11.38 0.1. October 2023 4,644.70 4,629.74 14.96 0.3 November 2023 9,295.52 9,298.66 (3.34) -0.0 December 2023 13,279.39 13,282.82 (3.43) -0.0 December 2023 13,279.39 13,282.82 (3.43) -0.0 January 2024 17,104.64 17,111.39 (6.74) -0.0 February 2024 15,656.84 15,659.07 (2.24) -0.0	Particulars	Receivables as reported to the Bank	Receivables as per Books	Difference	*
May 2023     3,008.34     3,103.65     (95.31)     -3.1       July 2023     4,878.20     4,864.26     13.94     0.2       July 2023     5,110.09     5,094.98     15.11     0.3       August 2023     5,362.12     5,370.34     (8.23)     -0.1       September 2023     6,060.07     6,048.68     11.38     0.1       October 2023     4,644.70     4,629.74     14.96     0.3       November 2023     9,295.52     9,298.86     (3,34)     -0.0       December 2023     13,279.39     13,282.82     (3,43)     -0.0       January 2024     17,104.64     17,111.39     (6,74)     -0.0       February 2024     15,656.84     15,659.07     (2,24)     -0.0       Mosek 1903     4,645.70     4,565.84     15,659.07     (2,24)     -0.0		2,698.62	2.791.16	(92.54)	-3.32%
June*2023         4,878.20         4,864.26         11.94         0.2           July*2023         5,110.09         5,094.98         15.11         0.3           August*2023         5,362.12         5,370.34         (8.23)         -0.1           September*2023         6,060.07         6,048.68         11.38         0.1           October*2023         4,644.70         4,629.74         14.95         0.3           November*2023         9,295.52         9,298.66         (3.34)         -0.0           December*2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3.43)         -0.0           anuary*2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6.74)         -0.0           February*2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2.24)         -0.0		3,008.34			-3.07%
July 2023         5,110.09         5,094.98         15.11         0.3           August 2023         5,362.12         5,370.34         (8.23)         -0.1           September 2023         6,060.07         6,048.68         11.38         0.1           October 2023         4,644.70         4,629.74         14.96         0.3           November 2023         9,295.52         9,298.86         (3.34)         -0.0           December 2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3.43)         -0.0           January 2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6.74)         -0.0           February 2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2.24)         -0.0		4,878.20			0.29%
August 2023         5,362.12         5,370.34         (8.23)         -0.7           September 2023         6,060.07         6,048.68         11,38         0.1           October 2023         4,644.70         4,629.74         14,96         0.3           November 2023         9,295.52         9,298.66         (3,34)         -0.0           December 2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3,43)         -0.0           anuary 2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6,74)         -0.0           rebruary 2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2,24)         -0.0	July'2023	5,110.09			0.30%
September'2023         6,060.07         6,048.68         11.38         0.1           October'2023         4,644.70         4,629.74         14.96         0.3           November'2023         9,295.52         9,298.66         (3,34)         -0.0           December'2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3.43)         -0.0           anuary'2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6.74)         -0.0           February'2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2.24)         -0.0	August'2023	5,362.12			-0.15%
October 2023         4,644.70         4,629.74         14.95         0.3           November 2023         9,295.52         9,298.86         (3.34)         -0.0           December 2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3.43)         -0.0           January 2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6.74)         -0.0           February 2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2.24)         -0.0	September'2023	6,060.07			100
November 2023         9,295.52         9,298.86         (3,34)         -0.0           December 2023         13,279.39         13,282.82         (3,43)         -0.0           January 2024         17,104.64         17,111.39         (6,74)         -0.0           February 2024         15,656.84         15,659.07         (2,24)         -0.0	October'2023			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
December 2023 13,279.39 13,282.82 (3.43) -0.0 January 2024 17,104.64 17,111.39 (6.74) -0.0 February 2024 15,656.84 15,659.07 (2.24) -0.0	November'2023		The state of the s		0.32%
January 2024 17,104.64 17,111.39 (6.74) -0.0 February 2024 15,656.84 15,659.07 (2.24) -0.0	December'2023				-0.04%
February 2024 15,656.84 15,659.07 (2.24) -0.0	lanuary'2024				-0.03%
March 2024	February'2024		The state of the s		-0.04%
14,214.59 14,210.39 4.21 0.0	March'2024	14,214.59	14,210.39		-0.01%

Particulars	Payables as reported to the Bank	Payables as per Books	Difference	%
April' 2023	9,570.71	9,704.06	(133.36)	-1.37%
May'2023	13,760.45	13,767.79	(7.34)	-0.05%
June'2023	16,011,44	15,935.73	75.71	-
July'2023	19,718.13	19,764.54		0.48%
August'2023	21,005.33	21,001.25	(46.41)	-0.23%
September'2023	19,648.24		4.09	0.02%
October'2023	19,296,07	19,561.24		0.44%
November 2023		19,324.85	(28.78)	-0.15%
December'2023	18,296.91	18,101.71	195.21	1.08%
January'2024	23,383.31	23,118.63	264.68	1.14%
	20,810.32	20,733.67	76.64	0.37%
February'2024	21,876.72	21,852.16	24.56	0.11%
March'2024	25,960.15	25,906.95	53.20	0.21%

Particulars	Inventory as reported to the Bank	Inventory as per records	Difference	%
April' 2023	12,771,87			
May'2023	14,491.13		101	0.00%
June'2023	14,021.21	1		0.00%
July'2023		14,021.21		0.00%
	17,822.98			0.00%
August'2023	18,247.04	18,247.04	(0)	0.00%
September'2023	16,999.68	16,999.68		0.00%
October 2023	18,251.36			0.00%
November'2023	18,775.11			-
December'2023	21,138.74	21,138.74	10)	0.00%
January'2024	19,034.68		-	0.00%
February'2024		19,034.68		0.00%
	20,867.52			0.00%
March'2024	20,747.02	20,731.26	15.76	0.08%

The Management is of the opinion that Company's, Bank CC utilisation, month on month, is well within Drawing Power workable both as per Data submitted to Bank and also as per data now reflecting in the books.

61 Changes in Indian Accounting Standards w.e.f April 1, 2024:
Ministry of Corporate Affairs("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31,2024, MCA has not notified any new standard or amendments to the existing standards applicable to company.

62 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ rearranged, wherever necessary

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Chartered Accountants

In terms of our report of even date attached For KKC & Associates LLP (formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W-100621

Divsipsel

Divesh B Shah Partner Membership No. 168237

Place : Mumbai Date : 8th July 2024

Samir Sanghavi

Kapil Sanghavi Director DIN :- 00190138

Padmanabh Nimbhorkar Chief Exectuive Officer

Sujoy K. Sircar

Place : Mumbai Date : 🕻 July 2024

Company Secretary Membership No. A13209

